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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

INTRODUCED IN CONGRESS
FROM DECEMBER 4, 1889,
TO JULY 2, 1926



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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO
THE CONSTITUTION OF
THE UNITED STATES

INTRODUCED IN CONGRESS
BY
FROM J. C. TANSILL
IN 1912

ARRANGED, DIGESTED, AND INDEXED BY
CHARLES C. TANSILL



Prepared under the general direction of
H. H. B. MEYER
Director, Legislative Reference Service
Library of Congress

PREFATORY NOTE

Among the miscellaneous writings on the Constitution of the United States it would be difficult to mention one more interesting or more valuable than the study on "The proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States during the first century of its history," by Prof. H. V. Ames, which was printed in volume 2 of the American Historical Association Annual Report for 1896. The present study supplements this, covering the period from December 4, 1889, down to July 2, 1926.

The trend of public opinion may be studied to a remarkable extent in these lists. For example, with reference to the seventeenth amendment it is of interest to note that the movement in favor of popular election of Senators received expression in proposed constitutional amendments as early as 1826. For many years, however, the interest in this important change was only lukewarm. It was only after 1890 that public opinion in this regard began to receive significant expression.

In 1892 the Populist Party was launched, and inasmuch as one of the basic principles of their platform called for an extension of popular control over legislative machinery, we find that in this very year some 23 constitutional amendments providing for the popular election of Senators were introduced. With the decline of the Populist Party the sentiment in favor of popular election decidedly cooled. In 1902 there were only two proposed amendments with this objective in view and in 1908 only five. But in 1910 a marked revival of interest was indicated, and this continued until two years later the amendment was finally ratified and became law.

The movement in favor of national prohibition shows similar fluctuations. Beginning in 1876 with the proposed amendment introduced in that year by Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire, the next three decades fail to reveal any strong sentiment in favor of such a measure. In the years 1887 and 1888 only two amendments were proposed favoring prohibition, while from 1896 until 1908 the subject appears to have escaped legislative attention entirely. It was only after 1912 that public sentiment began to express itself in a strongly affirmative manner.

The subject index will give a clue to the variety of subjects and at once show the number of amendments proposed on any given subject.

Because of the fact that this report was prepared in different sections in response to inquiries from Members of Congress, there is a slight lack of uniformity of treatment. In the latter part the analysis of proposed amendments is more detailed and the reference to committees is given.

H. H. B. MEYER,
Director Legislative Reference Service.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

INTRODUCED IN CONGRESS FROM DECEMBER 4, 1889, TO JULY
2, 1926

Fifty-first Congress, first session

- 1.—1889—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
For woman suffrage.
- 2.—1889—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Relative to the manufacture, importation, exportation,
transportation, and sale of alcoholic liquors.
Referred to Committee on Education and Labor. Re-
ported back and debated.
- 3.—1889—December 4.
Senate Bill 2.
Mr. Sherman, of Ohio.
To make and alter regulations as to the times, places, and
manner of holding elections for Representatives in
Congress.
- 4.—1889—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Dolph, of Oregon.
To empower Congress regarding marriage and divorce
and to prohibit polygamy.
- 5.—1889—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Gibson, of Maryland.
To render President ineligible for second term.
- 6.—1889—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Gibson, of Maryland.
To change inauguration day.
- 7.—1889—December 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To confer representation upon the District of Columbia.
Reported (adversely) and debated.
- 8.—1889—December 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Regarding establishment of religion and free public
schools.

- 9.—1889—December 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To confer representation upon the District of Columbia.
Reported (adversely) and debated.
- 10.—1889—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To define misprision of treason.
- 11.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Payson, of Illinois.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 12.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Williams, of Illinois.
Popular election of Senators.
- 13.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Shively, of Indiana.
For people to elect postmasters.
- 14.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Lehlbach, of New Jersey.
Popular election of Senators.
- 15.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Flower, of New York.
For people to elect postmasters.
- 16.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Flower, of New York.
To permit veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 17.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. E. B. Taylor, of Ohio.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 18.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 24.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 19.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 25.
Mr. Maish, of Pennsylvania.
Direct election of President and Vice President.
- 20.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Dibble, of South Carolina.
To create office of Second Vice President.
- 21.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee.
To prohibit trusts, etc.

- 22.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. McComas, of Maryland.
For six-year presidential term.
- 23.—1889—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. McComas, of Maryland.
Relative to State taxation of corporations.
- 24.—1889—December 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change inauguration day.
- 25.—1889—December 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change inauguration day.
- 26.—1889—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. O'Neill, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 27.—1889—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To change inauguration day and terms of President, Vice President, and Congress.
- 28.—1889—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 49.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 29.—1889—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 51.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To change beginning of terms of Congress and President.
- 30.—1890—January 6.
House Joint Resolution 53.
Mr. Springer of Illinois.
(1) Six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Direct election of President and Vice President.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Wednesday in January.
- 31.—1890—January 6.
House Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Springer, of Illinois.
To prohibit special legislation.
- 32.—1890—January 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Chandler, of New Hampshire.
To give Congress power to punish felonies.
- 33.—1890—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 58.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives in Congress.

- 34.—1890—January 13.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Baker, of New York.
Woman suffrage.
- 35.—1890—January 13.
House Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Pickler, of South Dakota.
Alcoholic liquor prohibition.
- 36.—1890—January 13.
House Joint Resolution 64.
Mr. Springer, of Illinois.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 37.—1890—January 20.
House Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Clunie, of California.
Popular election of Senators.
- 38.—1890—January 20.
House Joint Resolution 75.
Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee.
Popular election of Senators.
- 39.—1890—March 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 40.—1890—February 17.
House Joint Resolution 101.
Mr. Taylor, of Illinois.
For six-year presidential term, three-year term for Representatives.
- 41.—1890—March 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 67.
Mr. George, of Mississippi.
To prohibit trusts.
- 42.—1890—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 142.
Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.
- 43.—1890—April 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 73.
Mr. Reagan, of Texas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 44.—1890—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit lotteries.
- 45.—1890—May 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To halve representation of any State refusing woman suffrage.
- 46.—1890—June 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 96.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
For people to elect postmasters.

- 47.—1890—August 23.
House Joint Resolution 216.
Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota.
To prohibit lotteries.

Fifty-first Congress, second session

- 48.—1890—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 256.
Mr. Brosius, of Pennsylvania.
To fix number of Members of the House of Representatives at 356.
- 49.—1891—January 16.
House Joint Resolution 270.
Mr. Featherstone, of Arkansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 50.—1891—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 272.
Mr. Langston, of Virginia.
Popular election of Senators.
- 51.—1891—February 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 154.
Mr. Turpie, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-second Congress, first session

- 52.—1891—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Gibson, of Louisiana.
To make President ineligible for second term.
- 53.—1891—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Gibson, of Louisiana.
To change inauguration day.
- 54.—1891—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Turpie, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 55.—1891—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
Reported back.
- 56.—1892—January 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Chandler, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit voting by aliens.
- 57.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Scott, of Illinois.
Popular election of Senators.

- 58.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Williams, of Illinois.
Popular election of Senators.
- 59.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Shively, of Indiana.
People to elect postmasters.
- 60.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Holman, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 61.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Blanchard, of Louisiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 62.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Robertson, of Louisiana.
To prohibit lotteries.
- 63.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
Popular election of Senators.
- 64.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Greenleaf, of New York.
For woman suffrage.
- 65.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Johnson, of North Dakota.
Popular election of Senators.
- 66.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio.
To make presidential term five years, with ineligibility
for reelection.
- 67.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Caldwell, of Ohio.
Popular election of Senators.
- 68.—1892—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. Geary, of California.
Popular election of Senators.
- 69.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 70.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania.
Popular election of Senators.

- 71.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Amerman, of Pennsylvania.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
Reported (adversely) and laid on table.
- 72.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Pierce, of Tennessee.
Popular election of Senators.
- 73.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Lanham, of Texas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 74.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Stewart, of Texas.
To make terms of President and Vice President six years,
President not to be reeligible.
- 75.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Stewart, of Texas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 76.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Miller, of Wisconsin.
Popular election of Senators.
- 77.—1892—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 37.
Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee.
Popular election of Senators.
- 78.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 79.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 43.
Mr. White, of Ohio.
1. Providing that Congress have sole power to coin and
issue money.
2. This power not to be delegated to any individual or
corporation.
Reported (adversely).
- 80.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Ray, of New York.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
Reported (adversely).
- 81.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.

- 82.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 49.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 83.—1892—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
Authorizing President to veto separate items in appropriation bills.
- 84.—1892—January 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
Debated.
- 85.—1892—January 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Peffer, of Kansas.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 86.—1892—January 18.
House Joint Resolution 59.
Mr. Williams, of North Carolina.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 87.—1892—January 18.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. J. D. Taylor, of Ohio.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 88.—1892—January 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. George, of Mississippi.
To prohibit trusts.
- 89.—1892—February 1.
House Joint Resolution 76.
Mr. Buchanan, of Virginia.
To require yea and nay vote on all money bills.
- 90.—1892—February 1.
House Joint Resolution 77.
Mr. Bushnell, of Wisconsin.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 91.—1892—February 1.
House Joint Resolution 79.
Mr. Martin, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 92.—1892—February 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 37.
Mr. Palmer, of Illinois.
Popular election of Senators.

- 93.—1892—February 8.
House Joint Resolution 82.
Mr. Springer, of Illinois.
(1) Six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Direct election of President and Vice President.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Wednesday in January.
- 94.—1892—February 2.
House Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Babbitt, of Wisconsin.
Popular election of Senators.
- 95.—1892—February 9.
House Joint Resolution 84.
Mr. Babbitt, of Wisconsin.
Popular election of Senators.
- 96.—1892—February 9.
House Joint Resolution 90.
Committee on Election of President and Vice President.
Popular election of Senators.
- 97.—1892—February 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 53.
Mr. Proctor, of Vermont.
Presidential term to be six years, with ineligibility.
- 98.—1892—February 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Chilton, of Texas.
For biennial sessions of Congress.
- 99.—1892—February 29.
House Joint Resolution 93.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
1. Term of President and Vice President to begin on April 30.
2. Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on December 31.
- 100.—1892—March 2.
House Joint Resolution 98.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
1. Term of President and Vice President to begin on April 30.
2. Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on December 31.
- 101.—1892—March 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Stewart, of Nevada.
To make President ineligible for second term.
Reported (with amendment).
- 102.—1892—March 28.
House Joint Resolution 114.
Mr. Beltzhooover, of Pennsylvania.
(1) To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
(2) Proportional electoral vote allocated to each candidate.

- 103.—1892—April 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Felton, of California.
Providing for issue of a national currency on a per capita basis.
- 104.—1892—April 21.
House Joint Resolution 122.
Mr. Bowers, of California.
Providing for the issue of a national currency on a per capita basis.
Reported.
- 105.—1892—May 2.
House Joint Resolution 124.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 106.—1892—May 18.
House Joint Resolution 128.
Mr. Hayes, of Iowa.
Relative to pensions—pay of soldiers and sailors.
- 107.—1892—June 22.
Senate Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. McMillan, of Michigan.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 108.—1892—June 27.
House Joint Resolution 143.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 109.—1892—July 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 96.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
To limit President to one term.
- 110.—1892—July 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 99.
Mr. Gibson, of Louisiana.
Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-second Congress, second session

- 111.—1892—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 165.
Mr. Beltzhoover, of Pennsylvania.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 112.—1892—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 172.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
For direct election of President and Vice President and judicial determination of presidential election contests.
- 113.—1893—January 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 129.
Committee on Woman Suffrage.
For woman suffrage.

114.—1893—February 7.

House Joint Resolution 200.

Mr. De Armond, of Missouri, from Committee on Election of President, etc. (H. Rept. 2439).

For direct election of President and Vice President and a judicial determination of presidential election contests.

115.—1893—February 14.

House Joint Resolution 208.

Mr. Miller, of Wisconsin.

(1) To change name of this Republic from the United States of America to the United States of the world.

(2) To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.

Fifty-third Congress, special session

116.—1893—March 6.

Senate Joint Resolution 1.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio.

To change terms of Congress and inauguration day.

117.—1893—March 6.

Senate Joint Resolution 2.

Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.

Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-third Congress, first session

118.—1893—September 1.

Senate Joint Resolution 25.

Mr. Palmer, of Illinois.

Popular election of Senators.

119.—1893—September 6.

House Joint Resolution 13.

Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.

Popular election of Senators.

120.—1893—September 6.

House Joint Resolution 17.

Mr. Hayes, of Iowa.

Relating to pensions.

121.—1893—September 6.

House Joint Resolution 19.

Mr. Martin, of Indiana.

Popular election of Senators.

122.—1893—September 6.

House Joint Resolution 20.

Mr. Tucker, of Virginia.

Popular election of Senators.

123.—1893—September 6.

House Joint Resolution 23.

Mr. Beltzhoover, of Pennsylvania.

(1) To elect President and Vice President by direct vote.

(2) Six-year term for President and Vice President.

- 124.—1893—September 9.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Blanchard, of Louisiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 125.—1893—September 11.
House Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee.
Popular election of Senators.
- 126.—1893—September 12.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To change terms of Congress and inauguration day.
- 127.—1893—September 12.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.
- 128.—1893—September 13.
House Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Haines, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 129.—1893—September 21.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
People to elect President and Vice President and judicial
determination of presidential election contests.
- 130.—1893—September 21.
House Joint Resolution 51.
Mr. Holman, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 131.—1893—September 22.
House Joint Resolution 52.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 132.—1893—September 23.
House Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
Popular election of Senators.
- 133.—1893—September 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Martin, of Kansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 134.—1893—October 10.
House Joint Resolution 72.
Mr. Mercer, of Nebraska.
Providing that Federal judges be disqualified for hold-
ing any other office of profit or honor.

Fifty-third Congress, second session

- 135.—1893—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
To limit President to one term.

- 136.—1893—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
To elect President and Vice President by direct vote of people.
- 137.—1893—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 89.
Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.
To permit direct taxes without apportionment.
- 138.—1893—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. Johnson, of North Dakota.
Popular election of Senators.
- 139.—1893—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 100.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To authorize levy by Congress of direct tax in proportion to assessed valuation of all property subject to State taxation.
- 140.—1894.—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 109.
Mr. Oates, of Alabama.
To limit Supreme Court judges to term of 10 years.
H. R. Report 466.
- 141.—1894—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 110.
Mr. Oates, of Alabama.
Providing a three-year term for Representatives.
- 142.—1894—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 111.
Mr. Oates, of Alabama.
To limit presidential term to six years.
- 143.—1894—January 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 56.
Mr. Frye, of Maine.
To acknowledge God and the Christian religion.
- 144.—1894—January 25.
House Joint Resolution 120.
Mr. Morse, of Massachusetts.
To acknowledge God as the Supreme Authority in all affairs of men.
- 145.—1894—January 31.
House Joint Resolution 124.
Mr. Bell, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 146.—1894—February 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 59.
Mr. Wolcott, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 147.—1894—March 4.
House Joint Resolution 133.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.

- 148.—1894—March 19.
House Joint Resolution 143.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
Popular election of Senators.
- 149.—1894—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 162.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills and to
permit passage over veto by majority vote.
- 150.—1894—April 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 73.
Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota.
Relative to marriage and divorce.
- 151.—1894—April 17.
House Joint Resolution 164.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 152.—1894—July 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 97.
Mr. George, of Mississippi.
Relative to regulation of hours of labor.
- 153.—1894—July 30.
House Joint Resolution 211.
Mr. Hutcheson, of Texas.
To prohibit trusts.

Fifty-third Congress, third session

- 154.—1894—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 234.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
To limit President to one term.
- 155.—1894—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 239.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
To limit President to one term.
- 156.—1894—December 22.
House Joint Resolution 248.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
To limit President to one term.
- 157.—1894—December 22.
House Joint Resolution 249.
Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska.
To limit President to one term.
House Report 1658.
- 158.—1895—January 18.
House Joint Resolution 262.
Mr. Linton, of Michigan.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 159.—1895—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 278.
Mr. William A. Stone, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit granting of franchise to aliens.

- 160.—1895—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 279.
Mr. Blair, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit liquor traffic.
- 161.—1895—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 280.
Mr. Harmer, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit granting of franchise to aliens.

Fifty-fourth Congress, first session

- 162.—1895—December 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 163.—1895—December 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
For direct election of President and Vice President;
for restriction to one term of six years; etc.
- 164.—1895—December 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 165.—1895—December 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Pepper, of Kansas.
For special election on questions of finance; foreign
relations, etc.
- 166.—1895—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 167.—1895—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.
To authorize direct taxation without regard to appor-
tionment.
- 168.—1895—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Linton, of Michigan.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 169.—1895—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Tucker, of Virginia.
Popular election of Senators.
- 170.—1895—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Frye, of Maine.
To acknowledge God in the Constitution.
- 171.—1895—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Morse, of Massachusetts.
To acknowledge God, Jesus Christ, and the Bible.

- 172.—1895—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To authorize levy by Congress of direct taxes in proportion to assessed valuation of all property subject to State taxation.
- 173.—1895—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Crain, of Texas.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 174.—1895—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To give Congress jurisdiction over divorce.
- 175.—1895—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 176.—1895—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
To prohibit voting or holding office by aliens.
- 177.—1895—December 21.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Hall, of Missouri.
For uniformity in taxation.
- 178.—1895—December 23.
House Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Shuford, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.
- 179.—1895—December 27.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
To authorize Congress to levy direct taxes without regard to apportionment.
- 180.—1895—December 28.
House Joint Resolution 59.
Mr. Harmer, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit voting or holding office by aliens.
- 181.—1896—January 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
For woman suffrage.
- 182.—1896—January 6.
House Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Tracey, of Missouri.
To provide for inheritance tax.
- 183.—1896—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Northway, of Ohio.
Woman suffrage.

- 184.—1896—January 14.
House Joint Resolution 82.
Mr. Shuford, of North Carolina.
Authorizing Congress to levy direct taxes without regard to apportionment.
- 185.—1896—January 20.
House Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 186.—1896—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 95.
Mr. DeArmond, of Missouri.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills and to permit overriding veto by majority.
- 187.—1896—January 23.
House Joint Resolution 97.
Mr. Howe, of New York.
Uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 188.—1896—February 3.
House Joint Resolution 106.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
Popular election of Senators.
- 189.—1896—February 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 66.
Mr. Turpie, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 190.—1896—March 5.
House Joint Resolution 134.
Mr. Fenton, of Ohio.
To prohibit admission of territories south of 30° north latitude.
- 191.—1896—March 19.
House Joint Resolution 144.
Mr. Boutelle, of Maine.
To provide for presidential succession.
- 192.—1896—March 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 106.
Mr. Call, of Florida.
Woman suffrage.
- 193.—1896—March 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 113.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 194.—1896—March 26.
Senate Joint Resolution 115.
Mr. Call, of Florida.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 195.—1896—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 155.
By Committee on Election of President.
Popular election of Senators.

- 196.—1896—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 156.
Mr. Bell, of Colorado.
Popular election of Senators.
- 197.—1896—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 157.
Mr. Willis, of Delaware.
To acknowledge God in the Constitution.
- 198.—1896—April 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 122.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
To limit President's veto.
- 199.—1896—May 8.
House Joint Resolution 181.
Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts.
To limit hours of work in factories.
- 200.—1896—June 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 156.
Mr. Hill, of New York.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 201.—1896—June 3.
House Joint Resolution 196.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 202.—1896—June 9.
House Joint Resolution 200.
Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes of individuals and corporations.

Fifty-fourth Congress, second session

- ✓ 203.—1896—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 208.
Mr. Treloar, of Missouri.
Terms of eight and four years for Senators and Representatives, respectively, and eight for President.
- ✓ 204.—1896—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 216.
Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts.
To qualify Members of Congress for Cabinet.
- 205.—1896—December 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 180.
Mr. Proctor, of Vermont.
President to serve six years and not to be reeligible.
- 206.—1896—December 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 181.
Mr. Proctor, of Vermont.
To choose Representatives every third year.
- 207.—1897—February 4.
House Joint Resolution 245.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
Four-year term for Representatives.

Fifty-fifth Congress, first session

- 208.—1897—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
Popular election of Senators.
Reported back, debated, amended, and passed House.
- 209.—1897—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
To elect Representatives every four years.
Reported with amendment (H. Rept. 706).
- ✓210.—1897—March 18.
House Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts.
To make Congressmen eligible to Cabinet.
- 211.—1897—March 18.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts.
To permit Congress to fix hours of labor.
- 212.—1897—March 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 213.—1897—March 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Turpie, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 214.—1897—March 18.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Allen, of Mississippi.
Popular election of Senators.
- 215.—1897—March 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Authorizing Congress to levy direct taxes without regard to apportionment.
- 216.—1897—March 22.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.
For uniformity in taxation.
- 217.—1897—March 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change date for beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 218.—1897—March 24.
House Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Howe, of New York.
To give Congress jurisdiction over marriage and divorce.
- 219.—1897—March 26.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Griggs, of Georgia.
Income tax.

- 220.—1897—March 27.
House Joint Resolution 43.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To give Congress jurisdiction over divorce.
- 221.—1897—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 48.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 222.—1897—May 17.
House Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Cochran, of Missouri.
Income tax.
- 223.—1897—June 1.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Smith, of Kentucky.
To regulate filling Senate vacancies.
- 224.—1897—June 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Income tax.
- 225.—1897—June 10.
House Joint Resolution 63.
Mr. Bell, of Colorado.
Popular election of Senators.
- 226.—1897—June 17.
House Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Stokes, of South Carolina.
Income tax.
- 227.—1897—June 21.
House Joint Resolution 68.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 228.—1897—June 28.
House Joint Resolution 69.
Mr. Crumpacker, of Indiana.
Providing that no noncontiguous territory be annexed to the United States.
- 229.—1897—July 1.
House Joint Resolution 71.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
Income tax.
- 230.—1897—July 7.
House Joint Resolution 72.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 231.—1897—July 12.
House Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Maxwell, of Nebraska.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 232.—1897—July 13.
House Joint Resolution 75.
Mr. Brosius, of Pennsylvania.
To limit membership of House to 356 Members.

- 233.—1897—July 22.
House Joint Resolution 80.
Mr. Ridgely, of Kansas.
Income tax.
- 234.—1897—July 23.
House Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-fifth Congress, second session

- 235.—1897—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 88.
Mr. Cooney, of Missouri.
Regarding admission of new States.
- 236.—1897—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 104.
Mr. Shuford, of North Carolina.
To authorize direct taxes without regard to apportionment.
- 237.—1897—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 107.
Mr. Cooper, of Texas.
To provide for election of all Federal judges.
- 238.—1898—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 109.
Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.
To permit Congress to enact uniform hours of labor.
- 239.—1898—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 111.
Mr. Clark, of Iowa.
To regulate granting of pensions.
- 240.—1898—January 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 78.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.
- 241.—1898—January 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 79.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
To reorganize United States courts.
- 242.—1898—January 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change dates of Congress and presidential term.
Reported with amendment, made special order.
Amended and passed.
- 243.—1898—January 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Frye, of Maine.
To regulate presidential succession.
Passed Senate.

- 244.—1898—January 18.
House Joint Resolution 124.
Mr. William A. Stone, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit suffrage to aliens.
- 245.—1898—January 27.
House Joint Resolution 134.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts.
President to serve six years and not be reeligible.
- 246.—1898—February 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 102.
Mr. Warren, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 247.—1898—February 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 104.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Income tax.
- 248.—1898—March 23.
House Joint Resolution 191.
Mr. Barlow, of California.
Income tax.
- 249.—1898—June 6.
House Joint Resolution 277.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Authorizing Congress to levy both direct and indirect taxes, providing they be uniform.
- 250.—1898—July 7.
House Joint Resolution 294.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Regulating succession to Presidency and Vice Presidency.

Fifty-fifth Congress, third session

- 251.—1898—December 12.
House Joint Resolution 305.
Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa.
Relative to admission of new States.
- 252.—1899—February 4.
House Joint Resolution 353.
Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania.
Relative to ratification of treaties by majority vote in Senate.
- 253.—1899—February 6.
House Joint Resolution 354.
Mr. Capron, of Rhode Island.
To prohibit polygamy and disqualify polygamists for election as Representatives and Senators.
Reported with amendment.
- 254.—1899—February 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 243.
Mr. Allen, of Nebraska.
Popular election of Senators.
Debated.

Fifty-sixth Congress, first session

- 255.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Capron, of Rhode Island.
To prohibit polygamy, and to disqualify polygamists
from holding office of Senator or Representative.
Reported and debated.
- 256.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania.
Providing for ratification of treaties by majority vote
in Senate.
- 257.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Bromwell, of Ohio.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 258.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts.
President to serve six years and not to be re eligible.
- 259.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Smith, of Kentucky.
Popular election of Senators.
- 260.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 261.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Regulating succession to Presidency and Vice Presidency.
- 262.—1899—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Authorizing Congress to levy both direct and indirect
taxes providing they be uniform.
- 263.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 26.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 264.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
Income tax.
- 265.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
Popular election of Senators.
Passed House, April 13, 1900.
Reported adversely in Senate.

- ✓ 266.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
To elect Representatives every four years.
- 267.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Roberts, of Massachusetts.
Empowering Congress to regulate hours of labor.
- ✓ 268.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Roberts, of Massachusetts.
To permit appointment of Senators and Representatives
to Cabinet.
- 269.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
Popular election of Senators.
- 270.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. Cooper, of Texas.
To elect Federal judiciary.
- 271.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.
Providing that only capitation taxes be apportioned.
- 272.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.
Empowering Congress to regulate hours of labor.
- 273.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 274.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Grout, of Vermont.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 275.—1899—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 49.
Mr. Bell, of Colorado.
Popular election of Senators.
- 276.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
Respecting establishment of religion.
Reported (adversely).
- 277.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota.
Relative to marriage and divorce.
Reported (adversely).

- 278.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Harris, of Kansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 279.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Harris, of Kansas.
Income tax.
- 280.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Clay, of Georgia.
Popular election of Senators.
- 281.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Clay, of Georgia.
Income tax.
- 282.—1899—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Carter, of Montana.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
Reported (adversely).
- 283.—1899—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Berry, of Arkansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- ✓ 284.—1899—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Harris, of Kansas.
To elect Representatives every four years.
- 285.—1899—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Harris, of Kansas.
President to serve six years and not be reeligible.
- 286.—1899—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 56.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 287.—1899—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
To prohibit trusts.
- 288.—1899—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 61.
Mr. Stokes, of South Carolina.
Income tax.
- 289.—1899—December 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change date of beginning of terms of President,
and Vice President.
- 290.—1899—December 11.
House Joint Resolution 69.
Mr. Showalter, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit polygamy.

- 291.—1899—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 78.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
Income tax.
- 292.—1899—December 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota.
Relative to marriage and divorce.
Reported (adversely).
- 293.—1899—December 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Federal judges.
Reported (adversely).
- 294.—1899—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 93.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 295.—1900—January 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 49.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Income tax.
- 296.—1900—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 98.
Mr. Cooney, of Missouri.
Prohibiting the annexation of noncontiguous territory.
- 297.—1900—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 99.
Mr. Snodgrass, of Tennessee.
Income tax.
- 298.—1900—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 100.
Mr. Bromwell, of Ohio.
To regulate or suppress trusts.
- 299.—1900—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 103.
Mr. Cushman, of Washington.
Popular election of Senators.
- 300.—1900—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 107.
Mr. Wilson, of Idaho.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 301.—1900—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 112.
Mr. Gibson, of Tennessee.
To disqualify polygamists from holding office.
- 302.—1900—January 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Butler, of North Carolina.
Popular election of Senators.
- 303.—1900—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 114.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.

- 304.—1900—January 17.
House Joint Resolution 123.
Mr. Griggs, of Georgia.
Income tax.
- 305.—1900—January 23.
House Joint Resolution 134.
Mr. Cochran, of Missouri.
Income tax.
- 306.—1900—January 25.
House Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Showalter, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 307.—1900—January 26.
House Joint Resolution 138.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Federal control over all corporations.
Reported with amendment.
- 308.—1900—January 30.
Senate Joint Resolution 80.
Mr. Warren, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 309.—1900—February 14.
House Joint Resolution 174.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 310.—1900—February 15.
House Joint Resolution 176.
Mr. Kluttz, of North Carolina.
Income tax.
- 311.—1900—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 202.
Mr. Ray, of New York.
To suppress trusts.
- 312.—1900—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 203.
Mr. Showalter, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 313.—1900—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 223.
Mr. Aldrich, of Alabama.
Limiting President and Vice President to one term of six years.
- 314.—1900—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 224.
Mr. Aldrich, of Alabama.
To elect Representatives triennially.
- 315.—1900—April 6.
House Joint Resolution 226.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
For the regulation or suppression of trusts.

- 316.—1900—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 233.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
Prohibiting admission of Territories acquired subsequent to January 1, 1895.
- 317.—1900—April 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 112.
Mr. Rawlins, of Utah.
Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-sixth Congress, second session

- 318.—1900—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 272.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 319.—1900—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 279.
Mr. Taylor, of Ohio.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 320.—1900—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 282.
Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.
Giving Congress control of corporations.
- 321.—1900—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 283.
Mr. Brosius, of Pennsylvania.
Fixing number of Members of House of Representatives at 357.
- 322.—1901—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 290.
Mr. H. C. Smith, of Michigan.
Providing that the qualifications of electors of Representatives be fixed by Congress.
- 323.—1901—January 14.
House Joint Resolution 295.
Mr. Glynn, of New York.
To change date of beginning of the terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 324.—1901—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 310.
Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.
Fixing maximum number of Representatives.

Fifty-seventh Congress, first session

- 325.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
Popular election of Senators.
- 326.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Taylor, of Ohio.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.

- 327.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Cushman, of Washington.
Popular election of Senators.
- 328.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.
Giving Congress control over corporations.
- 329.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 330.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 331.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
Relating to income tax.
- 332.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 333.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.
To regulate hours of labor.
- 334.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Roberts, of Massachusetts.
To regulate hours of labor.
- 335.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 336.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 337.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Smith, of Kentucky.
Popular election of Senators.
- 338.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Dick, of Ohio.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 339.—1901—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Showalter, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit polygamy.

- 340.—1901—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Corliss, of Michigan.
Popular election of Senators.
- 341.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
To suppress combinations in restraint of trade.
- 342.—1901—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 51.
Mr. Pearre, of Maryland.
Defining treason against the United States.
- 343.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Regarding succession to Presidency.
- 344.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 345.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Berry, of Arkansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 346.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Stewart, of Nevada.
Extending jurisdiction of Federal courts in relation to use of water.
- 347.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Burrows, of Michigan.
Providing that in cases of vacancies in the Senate the offices may be filled by holding special popular elections.
- 348.—1901—December 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 349.—1901—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 55.
Mr. Capron, of Rhode Island.
To prohibit polygamy and disqualify polygamists from office.
- 350.—1901—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 351.—1901—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 58.
Mr. Crumpacker, of Indiana.
Empowering Congress to tax capital stock and earnings of corporations.

- 352.—1901—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
Defining treason.
- 353.—1901—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 68.
Mr. Gibson, of Tennessee.
To disqualify convicted polygamists for office.
- 354.—1901—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 70.
Mr. Snodgrass, of Tennessee.
Relating to income tax.
- 355.—1901—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 73.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
Relative to income and succession tax.
- 356.—1901—December 10.
House Bill 4576.
Mr. Cassel, of Pennsylvania.
(1) Providing penalty of death for any person attempting destruction of property of the United States.
(2) Providing penalty of deportation or life imprisonment for all members of anarchical societies.
- 357.—1901—December 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Burrows, of Michigan.
Changing commencement of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 358.—1901—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 77.
Mr. Cooper, of Texas.
Providing that judges of all Federal courts be elected or appointed as Congress may see fit.
- 359.—1901—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Cassel, of Pennsylvania.
(1) Providing penalty of death for any person attempting destruction of property of the United States.
(2) Providing penalty of deportation or life imprisonment for all members of anarchical societies.
- 360.—1901—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Warren, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 361.—1901—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 84.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 362.—1901—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 98.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Providing for Federal control over corporations.

- 363.—1901—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 99.
Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.
Providing for Federal control over corporations.
- 364.—1902—January 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Harris, of Kansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 365.—1902—January 9.
House Joint Resolution 115.
Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.
Limiting membership of House of Representatives.
- 366.—1902—January 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Dubois, of Idaho.
Popular election of Senators.
- 367.—1902—January 14.
House Joint Resolution 120.
Mr. H. C. Smith, of Michigan.
Providing that Congress shall prescribe the qualifications of electors of Representatives.
- 368.—1902—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 123.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Relative to income tax.
- 369.—1902—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 133.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Relative to succession to Presidency.
- 370.—1902—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 134.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
To suppress trusts.
- 371.—1902—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 135.
Mr. Naphen, of Massachusetts.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 372.—1902—February 4.
House Joint Resolution 140.
Mr. Cochran, of Missouri.
Income tax.
- 373.—1902—February 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 53.
Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Woman suffrage.
- 374.—1902—February 17.
House Joint Resolution 152.
Mr. Creamer, of New York.
To permit veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 375.—1902—March 8.
House Joint Resolution 165.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
Providing for apportionment of direct taxes according to value of real and personal property.

- 376.—1902—April 19.
House Joint Resolution 183.
Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.
Prohibiting annexation of noncontiguous territory.
- 377.—1902—April 26.
House Joint Resolution 186.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 378.—1902—June 24.
House Joint Resolution 208.
Mr. Goldfogle, of New York.
Allowing veto of separate items in appropriation bills.

Fifty-seventh Congress, second session

- 379.—1902—December 1.
House Joint Resolution 211.
Mr. Feely, of Illinois.
For uniform divorce laws.
- 380.—1902—December 1.
House Joint Resolution 212.
Mr. H. C. Smith, of Michigan.
To empower Congress to regulate and dissolve trusts.
- 381.—1902—December 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 132.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
To give District of Columbia representation in Congress and in electoral college.
- 382.—1902—December 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota.
Empowering Congress to regulate and prohibit trusts.
- 383.—1902—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 233.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To change beginning of terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 384.—1903—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 240.
Mr. Parker, of New Jersey.
To prohibit bigamy or polygamy.
- 385.—1903—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 246.
Mr. Griffith, of Indiana.
To limit fortunes.
- 386.—1903—January 31.
Senate Joint Resolution 161.
Mr. Wellington, of Maryland.
To limit fortunes.
- 387.—1903—January 31.
House Joint Resolution 258.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
To prohibit bigamy and polygamy.

388.—1903—February 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 164.

Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota.

To prohibit bigamy and polygamy.

Fifty-eighth Congress, first session

389.—1903—November 9.

House Joint Resolution 1.

Mr. Stephens, of Texas.

Relative to income tax.

390.—1903—November 9.

House Joint Resolution 4.

Mr. Sulzer, of New York.

Popular election of Senators.

391.—1903—November 10.

House Joint Resolution 15.

Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.

For uniform hours of labor.

392.—1903—November 11.

House Joint Resolution 17.

Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.

Providing that direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States according to the value of the real and personal property.

393.—1903—November 11.

House Joint Resolution 18.

Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.

To repeal fifteenth amendment.

394.—1903—November 11.

House Joint Resolution 19.

Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.

To prohibit sectarian legislation.

395.—1903—November 11.

Senate Joint Resolution 2.

Mr. Dubois, of Idaho.

Popular election of Senators.

396.—1903—November 11.

Senate Joint Resolution 3.

Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.

Popular election of Senators.

397.—1903—November 11.

Senate Joint Resolution 4.

Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon.

Woman suffrage.

398.—1903—November 13.

House Joint Resolution 27.

Mr. Kluttz, of North Carolina.

Income tax.

399.—1903—November 13.

House Joint Resolution 28.

Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.

Popular election of Senators.

- 400.—1903—November 13.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Lamb, of Virginia.
To prevent unfair competition.
- 401.—1903—November 16.
House Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee.
For six-year presidential term.
- 402.—1903—November 16.
House Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 403.—1903—November 16.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 404.—1903—November 16.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of fourteenth amendment except first sentence.
- 405.—1903—November 17.
House Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Cooper, of Texas.
For election of judges.

Fifty-eighth Congress, second session

- 406.—1903—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Cushman, of Washington.
Popular election of Senators.
- 407.—1903—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 67.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
Income tax.
- 408.—1903—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 72.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 409.—1904—January 21.
House Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Thayer, of Massachusetts.
To keep land nearly equally divided among people.
- 410.—1904—January 27.
House Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
To restrict private bills.
- 411.—1904—January 27.
House Joint Resolution 92.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Prescribing judicial power to be exercised in certain cases.

412.—1904—January 27.

House Joint Resolution 93.

Mr. Russell, of Texas.

To make elective certain judges and district attorneys.

413.—1904—January 28.

House Joint Resolution 94.

Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.

To regulate corporations.

414.—1904—January 28.

House Joint Resolution 97.

Mr. Acheson, of Pennsylvania.

For uniform divorce laws.

415.—1904—March 1.

House Joint Resolution 123.

Mr. McDermott, of New Jersey.

To fix whole number of Representatives.

Fifty-eighth Congress, third session

416.—1904—December 8.

House Joint Resolution 166.

Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.

(1) Providing term of eight years for President and Vice President.

(2) Eight-year term for Senators.

(3) Four-year term for Representatives.

417.—1905—January 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 87.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas.

Extending presidential term to six years.

418.—1904—December 21.

House Joint Resolution 183.

Mr. Livingston, of Georgia.

(a) Providing that elections for presidential electors and for Representatives in Congress be held in each State on first Tuesday after first Monday in September.

(b) Congress to hold its first regular session on first Monday in October succeeding its election.

419.—1905—January 18.

House Joint Resolution 200.

Mr. Reeder, of Kansas.

Relative to election of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.

420.—1905—February 27.

Senate Joint Resolution 112.

Mr. Bacon, of Georgia.

Providing for removal of civil officers.

Fifty-ninth Congress, first session

- 421.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.
Empowering Congress to establish throughout the
United States uniform hours of labor.
- 422.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee.
Providing for a six-year term for President, with in-
eligibility for reelection.
- 423.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Livingston, of Georgia.
(a) Providing that elections for presidential electors
and for Representatives in Congress be held in each
State on first Tuesday after first Monday in Sep-
tember.
(b) Congress to hold its first regular session on first
Monday in October succeeding its election.
- 424.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 425.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
Popular election of Senators.
- 426.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 427.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
Income and succession taxes.
- 428.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
Income and inheritance taxes.
- 429.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Hearst, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
- 430.—1905—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Cushman, of Washington.
Popular election of Senators.
- 431.—1905—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.

- 432.—1905—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 433.—1905—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
Providing that direct taxes be apportioned among the several States according to the value of real and personal property.
- 434.—1905—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 37.
Mr. Cockran, of New York.
Relating to election and terms of Representatives in Congress.
- 435.—1905—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of fourteenth amendment except first sentence.
- 436.—1905—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 437.—1905—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Keifer, of Ohio.
Relative to claims.
- 438.—1905—December 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Carter, of Montana.
For uniform marriage and divorce laws.
Reported (adversely).
- 439.—1905—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
Authorizing Congress to insure lives of United States citizens.
- 440.—1905—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 51.
Mr. Littlefield, of Maine.
Respecting succession to Presidency.
- 441.—1905—December 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Clark, of Wyoming.
Respecting commencement and termination of Congress.
- 442.—1905—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 55.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Respecting commencement and termination of Congress.
- 443.—1906—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Clark, of Florida.
Relating to selection of inferior officers.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

- 444.—1906—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 64.
Mr. Mahon, of Pennsylvania.
To regulate insurance.
- 445.—1906—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 69.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
(a) Providing a term of eight years for President and Vice President.
(b) Term of eight years for Senators.
(c) Term of four years for Representatives.
- 446.—1906—January 16.
House Joint Resolution 80.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 447.—1906—January 17.
House Joint Resolution 82.
Mr. Reeder, of Kansas.
Providing for election of President, Vice President and Congress, fixing terms, and fixing time of meeting of Congress.
- 448.—1906—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 449.—1906—January 29.
House Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
To change beginning of terms of Senators and Representatives.
- 450.—1906—February 24.
House Joint Resolution 104.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
To limit fortunes.
- 451.—1906—March 1.
House Joint Resolution 108.
Mr. Smith of Pennsylvania.
To repeal second section of fourteenth amendment.
- 452.—1906—March 5.
House Joint Resolution 110.
Mr. Hermann, of Oregon.
Popular election of Senators.
- 453.—1906—March 14.
House Joint Resolution 120.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
Concerning election and term of Members of Congress.
Reported and debated.
- 454.—1906—April 26.
House Joint Resolution 147.
Mr. Palmer, of Pennsylvania.
Providing for removal of civil officers.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

- 455.—1906—May 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 56.
Mr. Platt, of New York.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 456.—1906—May 25.
House Joint Resolution 164.
Mr. Richardson, of Kentucky.
Popular election of Senators.

Fifty-ninth Congress, second session

- 457.—1906—December 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Frye, of Maine.
Regulating succession to Presidency.
- 458.—1906—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 191.
Mr. Brick, of Indiana.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 459.—1906—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 77.
Mr. Cullom, of Illinois.
Providing a term of six years for President and Vice President.
- 460.—1906—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 197.
Mr. Lowden, of Illinois.
To fix term of President and Vice President at six years.
- 461.—1907—January 9.
House Joint Resolution 215.
Mr. Pearre, of Maryland.
Popular election of Senators.
- 462.—1907—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 226.
Mr. Lamar, of Florida.
For election of judges and postmasters.
- 463.—1907—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 248.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
(a) Income tax.
(b) Election of judges of district and circuit courts by popular vote.
- 464.—1907—February 22.
House Joint Resolution 249.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
For election of certain judges and district attorneys and tenure of certain judges. (See 472.)
- 465.—1907—February 22.
House Joint Resolution 250.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Prescribing judicial power in certain cases.

- 466.—1907—February 22.
House Joint Resolution 251.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
To forbid private bills where general laws are in force.

Sixtieth Congress, first session

- 467.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Brick, of Indiana.
Uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 468.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Brick, of Indiana.
Uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 469.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
(a) To levy income taxes.
(b) To levy inheritance taxes.
- 470.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Williams, of Mississippi.
(a) To levy income taxes.
(b) To levy succession taxes.
- 471.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Lovering, of Massachusetts.
Relative to uniform hours of labor.
- 472.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
(1) For election of judges of United States district courts and district attorneys by people of States in which duties are performed.
(2) Term of office of justices of Supreme Court to be 12 years; justices of circuit courts of appeals to be eight years; justices of district courts to be six years.
- 473.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Prohibiting passage of private bills in Congress where subject matter is covered by general laws.
- 474.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Prescribing judicial power of courts of United States.
- 475.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Providing for popular election of Senators.

- 476.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
For repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 477.—1907—December 2.
House Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 478.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Cooper, of Texas.
(a) For election or appointment of all Federal judges under regulations by Congress.
(b) Limited tenure of office.
- 479.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Livingston, of Georgia.
(a) Fixing date of election of electors for President and Vice President.
(b) Fixing date for assembling of Congress.
- 480.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
Fixing date for commencement and termination of Congress.
- 481.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. De Armond, of Missouri.
Government insurance.
- 482.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of fourteenth amendment.
- 483.—1907—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
For repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 484.—1907—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Keifer, of Ohio.
Relative to adjudication and payment of claims.
- 485.—1907—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.
- 486.—1907—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
For repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 487.—1907—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
To levy direct taxes according to value of real and personal property.

- 488.—1907—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina.
(a) Providing for popular election of Senators.
(b) To levy income tax.
(c) Popular election of district and circuit judges.
- 489.—1907—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 43.
Mr. Fulton, of Oklahoma.
For recall of Congressmen by vote of electors.
- 490.—1907—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. Fulton, of Oklahoma.
Providing for initiative and referendum.
- 491.—1907—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Weisse, of Wisconsin.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 492.—1907—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Lamar, of Florida.
(a) Popular election of Federal judges.
(b) For election of postmasters.
- 493.—1907—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Burkett, of Nebraska.
Prohibiting polygamy.
- 494.—1907—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 59.
Mr. Hamilton, of Iowa.
Fixing date for commencement and termination of Congress.
- 495.—1907—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Clark, of Florida.
Providing for popular election of inferior Federal officers.
- 496.—1907—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 61.
Mr. Ferris, of Oklahoma.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 497.—1907—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Lowden, of Illinois.
Providing term of office of six years for President and Vice President.
- 498.—1907—December 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing for popular election of Senators.

- 499.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 67.
Mr. Hamilton, of Iowa.
Fixing term of President and Vice President at six years.
- 500.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 68.
Mr. Hamilton, of Iowa.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 501.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 70.
Mr. Fulton, of Oklahoma.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 502.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 71.
Mr. Fulton, of Oklahoma.
(a) To levy income taxes.
(b) To levy inheritance taxes.
- 503.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 75.
Mr. Edwards, of Georgia.
For repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 504.—1907—December 19.
House Joint Resolution 76.
Mr. Edwards, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of fourteenth amendment.
- 505.—1907—December 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Cullom, of Illinois.
Providing six-year term for President and Vice President.
- 506.—1908—January 6.
House Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Granger, of Rhode Island.
(a) Providing six-year term for President and Vice President.
(b) Providing three-year term for Representatives.
- 507.—1908—January 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota.
Prohibiting polygamy.
- 508.—1908—January 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Limiting tenure of President to two terms, or eight years.
- 509.—1908—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 92.
Mr. Adair, of Indiana.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 510.—1908—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 97.
Mr. Lassiter, of Virginia.
Limiting tenure of President to one term of four years.

- 511.—1908—January 21.
House Joint Resolution 107.
Mr. Candler, of Mississippi.
For repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 512.—1908—January 27.
House Joint Resolution 112.
Mr. Davey, of Louisiana.
Woman suffrage.
- 513.—1908—January 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
For levy and collection of income tax.
- 514.—1908—January 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 515.—1908—January 30.
Senate Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. Warren, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 516.—1908—February 6.
House Joint Resolution 131.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
Four-year term for Representatives.
- 517.—1908—February 13.
House Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Providing for popular election of Senators.
- 518.—1908—February 24.
House Joint Resolution 143.
Mr. Acheson, of Pennsylvania.
To prohibit manufacture, sale, and importation of intoxicating liquors.
- 519.—1908—May 1.
House Joint Resolution 177.
Mr. Ferris, of Oklahoma.
 - (a) State regulation of railroad rates.
 - (b) State regulation of products of convict labor.
 - (c) Providing for popular election of Senators.
 - (d) Relative to employers' liability.
 - (e) To levy income tax.
- 520.—1908—May 1.
Senate Joint Resolution 80.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
 - (1) Relative to liability of common carriers in transportation.
 - (2) Income tax.
 - (3) Popular election of Senators.
- 521.—1908—May 12.
House Joint Resolution 187.
Mr. Burton, of Delaware.
Acknowledging the Deity in Constitution.

522.—1908—May 12.

House Joint Resolution 192.
Mr. Reynolds, of Pennsylvania.
Regulating hours of labor in industry.

523.—1908—May 21.

Senate Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for popular election of Senators.

Sixtieth Congress, second session

524.—1908—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 199.
Mr. Brodhead, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform marriage and divorce laws.

525.—1908—December 9.

Senate Joint Resolution 102.
Mr. Bacon, of Georgia.
Succession to the Presidency.
Reported, considered, passed.

526.—1909—January 4.

Senate Joint Resolution 110.
Mr. Dillingham, of Vermont.
(a) Fixing term of President at six years.
(b) Ineligible for reelection.

527.—1909—January 6.

House Joint Resolution 224.
Mr. Burke, of Pennsylvania.
Respecting succession to Presidency.

528.—1909—February 4.

Senate Joint Resolution 125.
Mr. Richardson, of Delaware.
Acknowledging the Deity in Constitution.

—February 23.

House Joint Resolution 264.
Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin.
Respecting succession to Presidency.

Sixty-first Congress, first session

530.—1909—March 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Depew, of New York.
Changing date of commencement and termination of
Congress.

531.—1909—March 15.

House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
Changing date of commencement and termination of
Congress.

- 532.—1909—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Stephens, of Texas.
Changing date of commencement and termination of Congress.
- 533.—1909—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Gaines, of West Virginia.
Changing date of commencement and termination of Congress.
- 534.—1909—March 15.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Lowden, of Illinois.
Limiting President and Vice President to one term of six years.
- 535.—1909—March 17.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Weisse, of Wisconsin.
For popular election of Senators.
- 536.—1909—March 18.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
Recognizing the Deity in Constitution.
- 537.—1909—March 22.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Lassiter, of Virginia.
For one four-year term for President.
- 538.—1909—March 23.
House Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Popular election of Senators.
Debated.
- 539.—1909—March 24.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. DeArmond, of Missouri.
To authorize United States to insure lives of citizens.
- 540.—1909—March 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Popular election of Senators.
- 541.—1909—March 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing for collection and levy of income tax.
- 542.—1909—March 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Bacon, of Georgia.
Respecting succession to Presidency.
- 543.—1909—April 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Cullom, of Illinois.
Providing term of office of six years for President and Vice President.

- 544.—1909—April 15.
House Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Austin, of Tennessee.
(a) Changing date of inauguration of President.
(b) Changing date for commencement and termination of Congress.
- 545.—1909—April 15.
House Joint Resolution 49.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of fourteenth amendment.
- 546.—1909—April 15.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 547.—1909—April 26.
House Joint Resolution 51.
Mr. Kinkaid, of Nebraska.
(a) To levy income tax.
(b) To levy inheritance tax.
- 548.—1909—April 27.
Senate Joint Resolution 25.
Mr. Brown, of Nebraska.
Relative to incomes and inheritances.
- 549.—1909—May 3.
House Joint Resolution 52.
Mr. Underwood, of Alabama.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 550.—1909—June 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Election of, and terms of service of Congressmen.
- 551.—1909—June 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Brown, of Nebraska.
Providing for collection and levy of income tax.
- 552.—1909—June 28.
Senate Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
To levy income tax.
Debated and passed Senate; debated and passed House;
signed by President.
- 553.—1909—July 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Popular election of Senators.
- 554.—1909—July 9.
House Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Candler, of Mississippi.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.

Sixty-first Congress, second session

- 555.—1909—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 69.
Mr. Lloyd, of Missouri.
Popular election of Senators.
Debated.
- 556.—1909—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 71.
Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin.
Popular election of Senators.
- 557.—1909—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 80.
By Mr. Russell, of Texas.
(a) For election of district attorneys.
(b) For election of Federal judges.
- 558.—1909—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 81.
Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Relative to jurisdiction of suits by or against corporations in courts of United States.
- 559.—1909—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 82.
By Mr. Russell, of Texas.
Prohibiting passage of private bills where general laws on subject are in force.
- 560.—1909—December 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.
Popular election of Senators.
- 561.—1909—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Fuller, of Illinois.
Popular election of Senators.
- 562.—1909—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 87.
Mr. Keifer, of Ohio.
Relative to payment of claims against United States.
- 563.—1909—December 21.
House Joint Resolution 99.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
Popular election of Senators.
- 564.—1910—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 100.
Mr. Parker, of New Jersey.
Relative to succession to Presidency.
- 565.—1910—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 105.
Mr. Parker, of New Jersey.
(a) Relative to changing date of commencement and termination of Congress.
(b) To changing date of term of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.

- 566.—1910—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 112.
Mr. Adair, of Indiana.
Popular election of Senators.
- 567.—1910—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 115.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing Congress.
(b) Also of changing date of term of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.
Debated.
- 568.—1910—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 122.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing of Congress.
(b) Also of changing date of term of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.
- 569.—1910—January 21.
House Joint Resolution 123.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing Congress.
(b) Also changing date of term of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.
- 570.—1910—January 21.
House Joint Resolution 125.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing Congress.
(b) Also changing date of term of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.
- 571.—1910—January 24.
Senate Joint Resolution 68.
Mr. Overman, of North Carolina.
Limiting jurisdiction of United States courts in suits brought against States.
- 572.—1910—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 126.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
For election of Representatives for four-year term.
- 573.—1910—January 27.
House Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Foelker, of New York.
Providing for income tax.

- 574.—1910—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 151.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 575.—1910—February 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 81.
Mr. Borah, of Idaho.
Woman suffrage.
- 576.—1910—February 22.
House Joint Resolution 153.
Mr. Rucker, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 577.—1910—February 26.
House Joint Resolution 159.
Mr. Gordon, of Tennessee.
Providing for four-year term for Congressmen.
- 578.—1910—March 9.
Senate Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Richardson, of Delaware.
Acknowledging the Deity in Constitution.
- 579.—1910—March 12.
House Joint Resolution 170.
Mr. Madden, of Illinois.
Conferring power on Congress to enact laws on marriage,
divorce, etc.
- 580.—1910—March 16.
House Joint Resolution 174.
Mr. Henry, of Texas (reported by).
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing
Congress.
(b) To terms of Senators and Representatives.
(c) Of President.
Debated.
- 581.—1910—March 30.
House Joint Resolution 183.
Mr. James, of Kentucky.
Popular election of Senators.
- 582.—1910—April 13.
House Joint Resolution 190.
Mr. Keifer, of Ohio.
(a) Changing date of term of office of Representatives.
(b) Changing date of term of office of President.
(c) Of Senators.
(d) Making new provision for election of President by
House of Representatives.
- 583.—1910—May 16.
House Joint Resolution 217.
Mr. Parsons, of New York.
(a) Relative to changing date of opening and closing
Congress.
(b) Of changing date of office of Congressmen.
(c) Of President.
(d) Of Senators.

584.—1910—May 24.

Senate Joint Resolution 103.

Mr. Clarke, of Arkansas.

(a) To change date of opening and closing of Congress.

(b) To change date of terms of Representatives.

(c) Of President.

(d) Of Senators.

Sixty-first Congress, third session

585.—1910—December 6.

House Joint Resolution 242.

Mr. Sterling, of Illinois.

Giving Congress power over monopolies.

586.—1910—December 16.

House Joint Resolution 251.

Mr. Foelker, of New York.

(a) To regulate vetoes of bills and joint resolutions.

(b) Giving the President power to veto items in appropriation bills.

587.—1910—December 16.

House Joint Resolution 252.

Mr. Foelker, of New York.

Relating to export taxes.

588.—1910—December 16.

House Joint Resolution 253.

Mr. Foelker, of New York.

Membership of House limited to 400.

589.—1911—January 5.

House Joint Resolution 260.

Mr. Hawley, of Oregon.

Election of Senators by popular vote.

590.—1911—January 11.

Senate Joint Resolution 134.

Mr. Borah, of Idaho.

Election of Senators by popular vote.

Debated.

591.—1911—January 30.

Senate Joint Resolution 138.

Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.

Respecting manner of amending Constitution.

Sixty-second Congress, first session

592.—1911—April 4.

House Joint Resolution 6.

Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin.

Providing for election of Senators by popular vote.

593.—1911—April 4.

House Joint Resolution 7.

Mr. Sulzer, of New York.

Providing for election of Senators by popular vote.

- 594.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Sulzer, of New York.
Providing for election of Senators by popular vote.
- 595.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Austin, of Tennessee.
Providing for the commencement of the terms of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives on last Wednesday in April.
- 596.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Rucker, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 597.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Adair, of Indiana.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 598.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 599.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 24.
Mr. Rucker, of Missouri.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 600.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 25.
Mr. Sterling, of Illinois.
To prevent and suppress monopolies.
- 601.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Ferris, of Oklahoma.
Income tax.
- 602.—1911—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Ferris, of Oklahoma.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 603.—1911—April 5.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Tribble, of Georgia.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 604.—1911—April 5.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. Hawley, of Oregon.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 605.—1911—April 5.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Rucker, of Missouri.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
Debated; amended and passed House; amended and passed Senate; conference appointed; House concurs in Senate amendment; signed by President.

- 606.—1911—April 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 607.—1911—April 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Culberson, of Texas.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 608.—1911—April 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Borah, of Idaho.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 609.—1911—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Beall, of Texas.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 610.—1911—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 43.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Election of Senators by popular vote.
- 611.—1911—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to suits in law or equity by reason of citizenship of corporation.
- 612.—1911—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to suits in law or equity prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, of a foreign State, or by reason of citizenship of corporation.
- ✓ 613.—1911—April 10.
House Joint Resolution 55.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
Providing for four-year term for Representatives in Congress.
- 614.—1911—April 12.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of the fourteenth amendment.
- 615.—1911—April 12.
House Joint Resolution 61.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 616.—1911—April 13.
House Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(1) Providing that terms of office of President, Vice President, and Senators and Representatives begin on last Thursday in April.
(2) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

- 617.—1911—April 13.
House Joint Resolution 67.
Mr. Buchanan, of Illinois.
Bestowing upon Congress the authority to enact laws granting compensation to employees for personal injuries sustained either in private or in public work.
- 618.—1911—April 14.
House Joint Resolution 70.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
To repeal section 2 of the fourteenth amendment.
- 619.—1911—April 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for election of Senators by popular vote.
- 620.—1911—April 19
House Joint Resolution 71.
Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin.
Empowering Congress by majority vote to call a constitutional convention.
- 621.—1911—April 27.
House Joint Resolution 79.
Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin.
(1) To abolish the United States Senate.
(2) Providing for proposed constitutional amendments upon application of 5 per cent of voters in each of three-fourths of States, and acceptance by majority vote in general referendum.
- 622.—1911—May 5.
House Joint Resolution 87.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 623.—1911—May 6.
House Joint Resolution 89.
Mr. Gordon, of Tennessee.
For four-year term for Members of Congress.
- 624.—1911—May 8.
House Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 625.—1911—May 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
(1) Providing that term of office of President and Vice President begin on last Thursday in April.
(2) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
(3) Term of office of Senators and Representatives to begin on last Thursday in April.

- 626.—1911—May 18.
House Joint Resolution 102.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(1) Election of President by popular vote.
(2) Term of office of President and Vice President to begin on last Thursday in April.
(3) Term of office of Senators and Representatives to begin on second Tuesday in January.
- 627.—1911—June 27.
Senate Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. McLean, of Connecticut.
Congressional power to protect migratory birds.
- 628.—1911—July 26.
Senate Joint Resolution 42.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for proposed constitutional amendments by majority vote in Congress, and acceptance by majority in congressional districts, and in majority of States.
- 629.—1911—August 10.
House Joint Resolution 149.
Mr. Madison, of Kansas.
Providing for a 10-year term for judges of inferior United States courts.
- 630.—1911—August 11.
House Joint Resolution 152.
Mr. Fields, of Kentucky.
(1) Providing for a six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for re-election.
- 631.—1911—August 11.
House Joint Resolution 153.
Mr. Fields, of Kentucky.
Providing for a three-year term for Representatives.
- 632.—1911—August 21.
House Joint Resolution 159.
Mr. Kahn, of California.
Giving Congress exclusive control over trade-marks.

Sixty-second Congress, second session

- 633.—1911—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 162.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 634.—1911—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 163.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale and importation into United States or subject territory of alcoholic beverages.

- 635.—1911—December 4.
House Joint Resolution 165.
Mr. Candler, of Mississippi.
 - (a) Election of Senators by popular vote.
 - (b) Repeal of section 2 of fourteenth amendment, except first sentence.
 - (c) To repeal fifteenth amendment.
- 636.—1912—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 198.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
Woman suffrage.
- 637.—1912—January 5.
House Joint Resolution 201.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Woman suffrage.
- 638.—1912—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 204.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
 - (1) Providing that terms of office of President and Vice President begin on last Thursday in April.
 - (2) Term of office of Senators and Representatives to begin on second Tuesday in January.
 - (3) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

Debated; withdrawn.
- 639.—1912—January 16.
House Joint Resolution 213.
Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin.
Woman suffrage.
- 640.—1912—January 17.
House Joint Resolution 214.
Mr. Jackson, of Kansas.
 - (1) Providing term of office of 10 years for judges of inferior Federal courts.
 - (2) Election in certain cases of district judges.
- 641.—1912—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 227.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
 - (1) Fixing term of office of all Federal judges at 12 years.
 - (2) Providing for election of all Federal judges.
- 642.—1912—January 31.
House Joint Resolution 233.
Mr. McCall, of Massachusetts.
Giving Congress power to regulate hours of labor throughout United States.
- 643.—1912—February 1.
House Joint Resolution 235.
Mr. Slayden, of Texas.
Making President ineligible for second term.
- 644.—1912—February 5.
House Joint Resolution 237.
Mr. Higgins, of Connecticut.
 - (1) Providing for one term of six years for President.
 - (2) Making President ineligible for re-election.

- 645.—1912—February 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 76.
Mr. Reed, of Missouri.
Prohibiting third term for President.
- 646.—1912—February 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 78.
Mr. Works, of California.
(1) Providing one term of six years for President.
(2) Ineligible for re-election.
Debated, amended, and passed Senate.
- 647.—1912—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 246.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
(1) Providing for election of judges of inferior Federal courts.
(2) Definite term of office.
- 648.—1912—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 247.
Mr. Curley, of Massachusetts.
Providing for three-year term for Congressmen.
- 649.—1912—February 21.
House Joint Resolution 248.
Mr. Curley, of Massachusetts.
Providing one term of six years for President and Vice President.
- 650.—1912—February 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 81.
Mr. Works, of California.
Woman suffrage.
- 651.—1912—March 14.
House Joint Resolution 270.
Mr. Neelly, of Kansas.
Providing term of office of inferior Federal judges of eight years.
- 652.—1912—March 22.
House Joint Resolution 277.
Mr. Sweet, of Michigan.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 653.—1912—April 6.
House Joint Resolution 290.
Mr. Neeley, of Kansas.
Providing for election of judges of Federal district courts every six years.
- 654.—1912—April 30.
House Joint Resolution 311.
Mr. Clayton, of Alabama.
Providing one term of six years for President and Vice President.
- 655.—1912—May 1.
House Joint Resolution 313.
Mr. Clayton, of Alabama.
Providing one term of six years for President and Vice President.

- 656.—1912—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 109.
Mr. Crawford, of South Dakota.
Providing 10-year term of office for judges of inferior Federal courts
Debated.
- 657.—1912—June 3.
House Joint Resolution 324.
Mr. Cullop, of Indiana.
 - (1) Providing for election of judges of Supreme Court with terms of four and eight years.
 - (2) Election of inferior Federal judges every six years.
 - (3) Election of clerks, marshals, district attorneys, and collectors of public money and postmasters every four years.
- 658.—1912—June 13.
House Joint Resolution 325.
Mr. Clayton, of Alabama.
 - (1) Providing for a six-year term for President and Vice President.
 - (2) Ineligible for reelection.
Debated.
- 659.—1912—July 10.
House Joint Resolution 336.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
Providing for the election of judges of inferior Federal courts.
- 660.—1912—July 16.
House Joint Resolution 338.
Mr. Roddenbery, of Georgia.
Providing for the election of Senators by popular vote.
- 661.—1912—August 2.
House Joint Resolution 345.
Mr. Hull, of Tennessee.
Providing for removal from office of judges of inferior Federal courts by concurrent resolution of two-thirds present of both Houses of Congress.
- 662.—1912—August 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Ashurst, of Arizona.
Providing for recall of judges of inferior Federal courts.
- 663.—1912—August 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 131.
Mr. La Follette, of Wisconsin.
Providing for amendments to Constitution upon application of 10 States and upon acceptance by a majority of States.
- 664.—1912—August 5.
House Joint Resolution 347.
Mr. La Follette, of Washington.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

- 665.—1912—August 12.
House Joint Resolution 350.
Mr. Jackson, of Kansas.
Providing for amendments to Constitution upon application of legislature of one State, and acceptance by legislatures of three-fourths of States.
- 666.—1912—August 12.
House Joint Resolution 351.
Mr. Jackson, of Kansas.
Providing that whenever any law of United States is declared invalid by any United States court then validity of said law to be decided by vote of legislatures of three-fourths of the States.
- 667.—1912—August 12.
House Joint Resolution 352.
Mr. Jackson, of Kansas.
Providing for graduated income taxes upon incomes, inheritances, corporate stock, etc.
- 668.—1912—August 15.
House Joint Resolution 357.
Mr. Stephens, of Nebraska.
Providing for passage of bills over presidential veto by a majority vote in Congress.

Sixty-second Congress, third session

- 669.—1912—August 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 135.
Mr. Chilton, of West Virginia.
Providing that a majority vote be sufficient to override a Presidential veto.
- 670.—1912—December 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 140.
Mr. Works, of California.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 671.—1912—December 3.
House Joint Resolution 364.
Mr. De Forest, of New York.
(1) Providing for six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
- 672.—1912—December 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 141.
Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.
Providing for referendum by President to voters of the States on legislation recommended by Chief Executive and ignored by Congress.
- 673.—1912—December 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 142.
Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.
Providing for referendum by Congress to voters of the several States of legislation declared unconstitutional by Supreme Court.

- 674.—1912—December 11.
House Joint Resolution 368.
Mr. Roddenbery, of Georgia.
Prohibiting intermarriage between negroes and persons
of Caucasian or other races.
- 675.—1912—December 12.
House Joint Resolution 370.
Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri.
Making President ineligible for third term.
- 676.—1912—December 12.
House Joint Resolution 371.
Mr. Hull, of Tennessee.
Providing for removal of judges of inferior Federal courts
by concurrent resolution of Congress.
- 677.—1912—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 373.
Mr. De Forest, of New York.
For four-year term for Representatives.
- 678.—1913—January 2.
House Joint Resolution 375.
Mr. Crumpacker, of Indiana.
Providing for amendments to Constitution upon appli-
cation of majority of both Houses of Congress and
acceptance by legislatures of two-thirds of States.
- 679.—1913—January 13.
House Joint Resolution 382.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
(1) Election of President and Vice President by popular
vote.
(2) One term of seven years.
(3) Presidential primary.
- 680.—1913—January 14.
House Joint Resolution 383.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by
popular vote.
- 681.—1913—January 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 152.
Mr. Pomerene, of Ohio.
Providing for trial and removal of civil officers of United
States by means other than impeachment.
- 682.—1913—January 17.
House Joint Resolution 384.
Mr. Howland, of Ohio.
Providing that in all cases of impeachment, except those
of President, Vice President, and Chief Justice, the
trial should be held before 12 Senators.
- 683.—1913—February 10.
House Joint Resolution 397.
Mr. Clayton, of Alabama.
(1) Providing term of six years for President and Vice
President.
(2) Ineligible for re-election.

684.—1913—February 26.

House Joint Resolution 405.

Mr. Curley, of Massachusetts.

To establish uniform hours of labor throughout the United States.

Sixty-third Congress, first session

685.—1913—April 7.

House Joint Resolution 1.

Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.

Woman suffrage.

Debated.

686.—1913—April 7.

Senate Joint Resolution 1.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Oregon.

Woman suffrage.

Debated.

687.—1913—April 7.

Senate Joint Resolution 4.

Mr. Smith, of South Carolina.

For repeal of fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to Constitution.

688.—1913—April 7.

Senate Joint Resolution 6.

Mr. Reed, of Missouri.

(1) Providing a term of 12 years for judges of Supreme and inferior Federal courts.

(2) Eligible for reappointment.

689.—1913—April 7.

Senate Joint Resolution 8.

Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.

Providing that whenever an act of Congress is declared unconstitutional by Supreme Court, such act shall be submitted to voters at following congressional election and, if approved by majority, then shall become law.

690.—1913—April 7.

Senate Joint Resolution 9.

Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.

Providing for proposal of constitutional amendments by majority of both Houses of Congress, and acceptance by majority of State legislatures.

691.—1913—April 7.

House Joint Resolution 3.

Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.

Woman suffrage.

692.—1913—April 7.

House Joint Resolution 6.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

Providing for the nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

- 693.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
Prohibiting manufacture and sale of alcoholic beverages.
- 694.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
Providing for nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 695.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
(1) Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote with seven-year term.
(2) Ineligible for re-election
- 696.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Curry, of California.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 697.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Neeley, of Kansas.
Providing for election of judges of United States district courts every six years by the electors in the judicial districts.
- 698.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Kahn, of California.
Giving Congress exclusive control over protection and regulation of trade-marks.
- 699.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Ferris, of Oklahoma.
Relative to levy and collection of income tax.
- 700.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Henry, of Texas.
(1) Providing that terms of President and Vice President begin on last Thursday in April.
(2) Fixing beginning of term of Senators and Representatives on second Tuesday in January.
- 701.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 25.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
Woman suffrage.
- 702.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 26.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
Providing for the election and recall of Federal judges.
- 703.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 31.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Woman suffrage.

- 704.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Relative to suits brought by or against corporations.
- 705.—1913—April 7.
House Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Amendment to Article XI of Constitution.
- 706.—1913—April 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
(1) Providing that terms of President and Vice President begin on second Monday in January.
(2) Fixing beginning of terms of Senators and Representatives on first Monday in January.
(3) Providing two regular sessions of each Congress convening on first Monday in January.
- 707.—1913—April 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Works, of California.
(1) Providing six-year term for President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
- 708.—1913—April 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Works, of California.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 709.—1913—April 8.
House Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri.
Making President ineligible for third term.
- 710.—1913—April 8.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. Barkley, of Kentucky.
Providing that terms of Senators and Representatives begin on second Tuesday in January.
- 711.—1913—April 8.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Barkley, of Kentucky.
(1) Providing six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) President and Vice President to be elected by popular vote.
- 712.—1913—April 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. Crawford, of South Dakota.
Providing 10-year term for inferior Federal judges.

- 713.—1913—April 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
 - (1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority vote in Congress, and acceptance by majority of the vote electors in several States.
 - (2) By one House of Congress under certain conditions.
 - (3) Acceptance by majority of voters.
- 714.—1913—April 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.
 - (1) Providing for term of six years for President and Vice President.
 - (2) Ineligible for re-election.
 - (3) President and Vice President to be elected by popular vote.
- 715.—1913—April 17.
House Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
Providing for repeal of section 2 of fourteenth amendment.
- 716.—1913—April 17.
House Joint Resolution 58.
Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia.
Providing for repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 717.—1913—April 17.
House Joint Resolution 59.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
Providing for presidential primaries and for direct election of President and Vice President.
- 718.—1913—April 17.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Lafferty, of Oregon.
Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority vote in Congress and acceptance by majority of State legislatures or majority vote of electors in the several States.
- 719.—1913—April 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 24.
Mr. La Follette, of Wisconsin.
Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority in Congress or upon application of 10 States, and acceptance by majority vote of the electors in majority of States.
- 720.—1913—April 21.
House Joint Resolution 70.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Woman suffrage.
- 721.—1913—April 22.
House Joint Resolution 71.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
Providing for four-year term for Representatives.

722.—1913—April 24.

Senate Joint Resolution 26.

Mr. Cummins, of Iowa.

(1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution upon application of legislatures of 16 States, or of 15 per cent of voters in 24 States.

(2) Acceptance by two-thirds of State legislatures or by majority vote in two-thirds of States.

723.—1913—April 25.

House Joint Resolution 77.

Mr. Curley, of Massachusetts.

Giving Congress power to regulate hours of labor throughout United States.

724.—1913—April 29.

House Joint Resolution 78.

Mr. Curley, of Massachusetts.

(1) Limiting term of office of President to six years.

(2) Ineligible for re-election.

725.—1913—May 16.

House Joint Resolution 86.

Mr. Britten, of Illinois.

(1) Providing for nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

(2) Six-year term for President and Vice President.

726.—1913—May 22.

Senate Joint Resolution 36.

Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota.

Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.

727.—1913—May 23.

House Joint Resolution 88.

Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri.

Giving Congress exclusive power to legislate on questions affecting rights and privileges of aliens resident in United States.

728.—1913—May 29.

House Joint Resolution 90.

Mr. Britten, of Illinois.

Providing for nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

729.—1913—June 2.

House Joint Resolution 91.

Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.

To prohibit polygamy.

730.—1913—June 6.

House Joint Resolution 94.

Mr. Rucker, of Missouri.

(1) Providing for term of six years for President and Vice President.

(2) Ineligible for re-election.

731.—1913—June 10.

House Joint Resolution 95.

Mr. Chandler, of New York.

(1) Providing for proposed constitutional amendments by the majority in Congress, or by one-fourth of the States having at least one-fourth of population of United States.

(2) Acceptance of amendments by popular vote in States.

732.—1913—June 17.

House Joint Resolution 97.

Mr. Rucker, of Missouri.

(1) Providing for term of six years for President and Vice President.

(2) Ineligible for re-election.

733.—1913—June 21.

Senate Joint Resolution 50.

Mr. Works, of California.

Prohibiting sale, manufacture, and importation of intoxicating liquors.

734.—1913—July 12.

House Joint Resolution 106.

Mr. Madden, of Illinois.

(1) Providing for term of six years for President and Vice President.

(2) Ineligible for reelection.

735.—1913—July 24.

House Joint Resolution 110.

Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.

For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.

736.—1913—August 1.

House Joint Resolution 114.

Mr. Hull, of Tennessee.

Granting power to Congress to abolish inferior United States courts, and for removal of inferior Federal judges by resolution of Congress concurred in by two-thirds vote in both Houses.

737.—1913—August 5.

House Joint Resolution 117.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

Prohibiting sale, manufacture, and importation of alcoholic beverages or products.

738.—1913—October 28.

House Joint Resolution 144.

Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.

To prohibit polygamy.

739.—1913—October 28.

House Joint Resolution 145.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.

740.—1913—October 30.

Senate Joint Resolution 76.

Mr. Overman, of North Carolina.

(1) Providing that a majority vote in Congress be sufficient to pass legislation over a presidential veto.

(2) Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.

741.—1913—November 12.

House Joint Resolution 150.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.

742.—1913—November 26.

House Joint Resolution 151.

Mr. Murray, of Oklahoma.

Providing for choice in each State of presidential electors equal to number of Representatives to which State is entitled in Congress.

Sixty-third Congress, second session

743.—1913—December 1.

House Joint Resolution 152.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

To prohibit liquor traffic.

744.—1913—December 4.

House Joint Resolution 159.

Mr. Nelson, of Wisconsin.

Giving Congress power to define, prevent, and suppress monopolies, and agreements in restraint of trade.

745.—1913—December 8.

House Joint Resolution 163.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

To prohibit liquor traffic.

746.—1913—December 9.

House Joint Resolution 166.

Mr. Park, of Georgia.

Giving Congress power to regulate in the District of Columbia and in the Territories the carrying of concealed weapons.

747.—1913—December 10.

Senate Joint Resolution 88.

Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.

Prohibiting sale, manufacture, and importation of intoxicating liquors.

Debated.

748.—1913—December 10.

House Joint Resolution 168.

Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.

To prohibit liquor traffic.

Debated.

749.—1913—December 19.

House Joint Resolution 177.

Mr. Kent, of California.

Providing for six-year term for Representatives.

- 750.—1913—December 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Weeks, of Massachusetts.
Prohibiting polygamy in United States.
- 751.—1913—December 22.
House Joint Resolution 182.
Mr. Park, of Georgia.
Granting Congress power within the District of Columbia, and in Territories to regulate the manufacture and sale, importation and exportation, and keeping or bearing concealed weapons.
- 752.—1914—January 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 96.
Mr. Weeks, of Massachusetts.
Prohibiting polygamy.
- 753.—1914—January 14.
House Joint Resolution 194.
Mr. Peters, of Massachusetts.
Providing for Federal control of insurance.
- 754.—1914—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 195.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
Providing for election or appointment of judges of Federal inferior courts under congressional regulation.
- 755.—1914—January 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 103.
Mr. Weeks, of Massachusetts.
To give Congress power to regulate insurance business.
- 756.—1914—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 200.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 757.—1914—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 201.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 758.—1914—February 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 109.
Mr. Ransdell, of Louisiana.
Prohibiting absolute divorce with right to remarry.
- 759.—1914—February 4.
House Joint Resolution 215.
Mr. Hayes, of California.
Providing for four-year term for Representatives.
- 760.—1914—February 12.
House Joint Resolution 218.
Mr. Borland, of Missouri.
 - (1) Providing four-year term for Representatives, to be subject to recall.
 - (2) Term of Representatives to begin on 4th of January of odd-numbered calendar year.

- 761.—1914—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 220.
Mr. Doolittle, of Kansas.
(1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by legislature of one State.
(2) Acceptance by legislatures of three-fourths of States.
- 762.—1914—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 221.
Mr. Doolittle, of Kansas.
(1) Providing that whenever any law of United States be declared invalid by decree of any court the said law shall be submitted along with proposed constitutional amendment covering same.
(2) Acceptance of said law and amendment by legislatures of three-fourths of States.
- 763.—1914—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 222.
Mr. Doolittle, of Kansas.
Providing for taxes on incomes, inheritances, stocks, etc., in excess of such exemptions as it may deem reasonable.
- 764.—1914—March 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 125.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Providing that whenever the suffrage franchise is denied any voter except for specific crimes, then basis of representation of offending State be subject to new apportionment.
- 765.—1914—March 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 126.
Mr. Chilton, of West Virginia.
Providing that constitutional amendments be ratified by States within five years from date of proposal.
- 766.—1914—March 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 128.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
Debated.
- 767.—1914—March 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Bristow, of Kansas.
Woman suffrage.
Debated.
- 768.—1914—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 243.
Mr. Park, of Georgia.
Limiting terms of judges of inferior Federal courts to six years.
- 769.—1914—April 6.
House Joint Resolution 245.
Mr. Palmer, of Pennsylvania.
Providing for woman suffrage.

- 770.—1914—April 13.
House Joint Resolution 247.
Mr. Mapes, of Michigan.
Providing for nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 771.—1914—June 9.
House Joint Resolution 277.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 772.—1914—June 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 162.
Mr. Dillingham, of Vermont.
Prohibiting transportation into any State of intoxicating liquors contrary to laws of such State.
- 773.—1914—July 8.
House Joint Resolution 297.
Mr. Cantor, of New York.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 774.—1914—July 8.
House Joint Resolution 298.
Mr. Rogers, of Massachusetts.
Giving Congress power to regulate throughout the United States employment of women and all others under 21 years.
- 775.—1914—July 21.
House Joint Resolution 306.
Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri.
Restricting power to Congress to declare war except to repel invasion or for self-defense.
- 776.—1914—July 29.
House Joint Resolution 309.
Mr. Moon, of Tennessee.
(1) Providing a maximum term of office of 15 years for all Federal or State officers.
(2) Providing for election of all inferior Federal judges, marshals, district attorneys, revenue collectors, and postmasters.
- 777.—1914—August 13.
House Joint Resolution 319.
Mr. Igoe, of Missouri.
(1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by petition signed by 10 per cent of voters of majority of States.
(2) Acceptance by majority in majority of States, and majority of total vote cast in all States.
- 778.—1914—August 18.
House Joint Resolution 323.
Mr. Keating, of Colorado.
Giving Congress power to levy export tax.

- 779.—1914—August 19.
House Joint Resolution 324.
Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania.
Empowering Congress to levy export tax.
- 780.—1914—September 11:
House Joint Resolution 345.
Mr. Buchanan, of Illinois.
(1) Providing six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Election by popular vote.
- 781.—1914—September 17.
House Joint Resolution 347.
Mr. French, of Idaho.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 782.—1914—September 21.
House Joint Resolution 349.
Mr. Reilly, of Wisconsin.
(1) Providing a term of office for all Federal judges not exceeding 10 years.
(2) Election of judges of United States district courts by electors in the judicial districts.
- 783.—1914—October 10.
House Joint Resolution 367.
Mr. Morin, of Pennsylvania.
Providing for return by the Government of United States to rightful owners of wealth dishonestly acquired by citizens or combinations of citizens.
- 784.—1914—October 12.
House Joint Resolution 368.
Mr. Vaughan, of Texas.
Providing for the election of postmasters
- 785.—1914—October 12.
House Joint Resolution 369.
Mr. Vaughan, of Texas.
Providing for election of judges of inferior Federal courts and of district attorneys for terms of four years.
- Sixty-third Congress, third session*
- 786.—1914—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 386.
Mr. Morrison, of Indiana.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 787.—1914—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 387.
Mr. Vinson, of Georgia.
Providing a term of six years for all Federal judges.
- 788.—1914—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 389.
Mr. Morrison, of Indiana.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.

- 789.—1914—December 29.
House Joint Resolution 394.
Mr. Hobson, of Alabama.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 790.—1915—January 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 227.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing that the United States can not be party to any aggressive war except upon declaration of war by Congress, and ratification by majority of votes in majority of congressional districts in United States.
- 791.—1915—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 402.
Mr. Beakes, of Michigan.
(1) Providing for six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Terms to begin on Tuesday after first Monday in January
(4) On expiration of term President to become Member at large of Senate.
(5) Three-year term for Representatives, to begin on Tuesday after first Monday in January.
- 792.—1915—February 15.
House Joint Resolution 422.
Mr. Bryan, of Washington.
Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority vote in Congress, and acceptance by legislatures of two-thirds of States.

Sixty-fourth Congress, first session

- 793.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Raker, of California.
To provide for woman suffrage.
- 794.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
To provide for woman suffrage.
- 795.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Keating, of Colorado.
To provide for woman suffrage.
- 796.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
To provide for woman suffrage.
- 797.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
To provide for woman suffrage

- 798.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 799.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Curry, of California.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 800.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
(1) Providing for election or appointment of judges of United States inferior courts.
(2) Providing for term not to exceed 10 years.
- 801.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to any suit in law or equity by reason of citizenship of any corporation.
- 802.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to any suit in law or equity by reason of citizenship of any corporation.
- 803.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Morrison, of Indiana.
To prohibit importation of intoxicating liquors into any State, District, or Territory of United States.
- 804.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 25.
Mr. Kent, of California.
(1) Providing for six-year term for Representatives.
(2) Subject to recall.
- 805.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Vinson, of Georgia.
Providing for repeal of fifteenth amendment.
- 806.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Beakes, of Michigan.
(1) Providing six-year term for President and Vice President, to begin on Tuesday after first Monday in January.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Upon expiration of term to become Member at large of United States Senate.
(4) Three-year term for Representatives.
(5) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on Tuesday after first Monday in January.

- 807.—1915—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 37.
Mr. Austin, of Tennessee.
Extending right of suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
- 808.—1915—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 43.
Mr. Moon, of Tennessee.
(1) Providing for all offices of trust, under both the State and Federal Governments, a tenure not to exceed 15 years.
(2) Election by popular vote of justices of inferior Federal courts, together with marshals, district attorneys, revenue collectors, and postmasters.
- 809.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Sutherland, of Utah.
To provide for woman suffrage.
Debated.
- 810.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Thomas, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 811.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
(1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority vote in Congress, or upon application of legislatures of majority of States.
(2) Acceptance by majority vote in congressional districts and majority of total vote cast.
- 812.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing that no war of aggression be waged by United States except when declaration of war is approved by majority vote in majority of congressional districts.
- 813.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
(1) Providing that terms of President and Vice President begin on third Monday in January.
(2) Vote of electoral college to be cast on second Monday in December.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.
- ✓ 814.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Works, of California.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

- 815.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Works, of California.
Providing for a term of six years for President and Vice President.
- 816.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.
For woman suffrage.
- 817.—1915—December 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation for sale of intoxicating liquors into United States or into subject territory.
- 818.—1915—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 48.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform laws for marriage and divorce.
- 819.—1915—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Chamberlain, of Oregon.
Extending right of suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
- 820.—1915—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Cummins, of Iowa.
(1) Providing for proposed constitutional amendments upon application of 16 States, or whenever 15 per cent of voters in 24 States so petition.
(2) Acceptance by two-thirds of States either through legislatures or by direct vote of electors in two-thirds of States.
- 821.—1915—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 822.—1915—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation for sale of intoxicating liquors into United States or subject territory.
- 823.—1915—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 62.
Mr. Borland, of Missouri.
Providing for four-year term for Congressmen.
- 824.—1915—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 55.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation for sale of intoxicating liquors into United States or into subject territory.

- 825.—1915—December 16.
House Joint Resolution 69.
Mr. Hayes, of California.
Providing for four-year term for Congressmen.
- 826.—1915—December 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 57.
Mr. Dillingham, of Vermont.
To prohibit importation of intoxicating liquors into any
State contrary to laws of such State.
- 827.—1915—December 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 58.
Mr. Weeks, of Massachusetts.
Relating to power of Congress to regulate business of
insurance.
- ✓ 828.—1915—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 72.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Providing for election of President and Vice President
by popular vote.
- 829.—1916—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 84.
Mr. Webb, of North Carolina.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation
into United States or subject territory of intoxicating
liquors.
- 830.—1916—January 4.
House Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Smith, of Idaho.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation
into United States or subject territory of intoxicating
liquors.
- 831.—1916—January 5.
Senate bill 3000.
Mr. Thomas, of Colorado.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 832.—1916—January 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 64.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, and importation
into United States or subject territory of intoxicating
liquors.
- 833.—1916—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, and importation
into United States or subject territory of intoxicating
liquors.
- 834.—1916—January 13.
House Joint Resolution 101.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, and importation
into United States or subject territory of intoxicating
liquors.

- 835.—1916—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 107.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
Providing for four-year term for Congressmen.
- 836.—1916—January 20.
House Joint Resolution 113.
Mr. Taggart, of Kansas.
Giving exclusive jurisdiction in cases of murder and manslaughter to courts of United States.
- 837.—1916—January 24.
Senate Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 838.—1916—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 115.
Mr. Dyer, of Missouri.
Relating to militia.
- 839.—1916—January 25.
House Joint Resolution 118.
Mr. Scott, of Pennsylvania.
Providing that the President shall be Commander in Chief of army, navy, and militia.
- 840.—1916—January 28.
House Joint Resolution 121.
Mr. Barkley, of Kentucky.
(1) Providing for a term of six years for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Term to begin on first Tuesday in January.
(4) Election by popular vote.
- 841.—1916—January 29.
House Joint Resolution 122.
Mr. Hayes, of California.
(1) Providing for a term of six years for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Upon expiration of term to become member at large of Senate.
- 842.—1916—January 31.
Senate Joint Resolution 95.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing for grant of authority to Congress to call out militia for purpose of carrying on war.
- 843.—1916—January 31.
House Joint Resolution 128.
Mr. Church, of California.
Providing that Congress have power to declare an aggressive war only after approval of referendum to voters throughout the United States.
- 844.—1916—February 3.
House Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Sisson, of Mississippi.
To prohibit sectarian legislation.

- 845.—1916—February 3.
House Joint Resolution 138.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Giving Congress power to regulate divorce, and provide for custody of children.
- 846.—1916—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 161.
Mr. Bennet, of New York.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 847.—1916—February 28.
House Joint Resolution 169.
Mr. Clark, of Florida.
Providing for four-year term for Representatives.
- ✓ 848.—1916—March 13.
House Joint Resolution 178.
Mr. Mapes, of Michigan.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- ✓ 849.—1916—March 29.
House Joint Resolution 192.
Mr. Bailey, of Pennsylvania.
(1) Providing for six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Popular election of President and Vice President.
- 850.—1916—March 29.
House Joint Resolution 195.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
To provide for woman suffrage.
- 851.—1916—April 14.
House Joint Resolution 200.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform laws for marriage and divorce.
- 852.—1916—April 14.
House Joint Resolution 201.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform laws for marriage and divorce.
- 853.—1916—April 18.
House Joint Resolution 204.
Mr. Abercrombie, of Alabama.
(1) To abolish life tenure in public office.
(2) Providing for election of judges of inferior Federal courts, district attorneys, marshals, revenue collectors, and postmasters.
- 854.—1916—April 21.
House Joint Resolution 208.
Mr. Neely, of West Virginia.
Giving Congress power to establish board or commission with powers to modify rates of duties and imposts.
- 855.—1916—April 28.
Senate Joint Resolution 127.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
Giving Congress power to purchase land anywhere in United States and hold, improve, and sell same, and to make loans to encourage farm ownership.

- 856.—1916—May 1.
House Joint Resolution 213.
Mr. Volstead, of Minnesota.
Giving Congress power to define and limit causes for divorce.
- 857.—1916—May 3.
House Joint Resolution 216.
Mr. Volstead, of Minnesota.
Giving Congress power to define and limit causes for divorce.
- 858.—1916—May 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Providing that whenever right of suffrage is denied by any State to any electors for Federal offices, then representation of State be apportioned to highest number of votes cast.
- 859.—1916—May 18.
Senate Joint Resolution 131.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
Authorizing the creation with other nations of international peace tribunal.
- 860.—1916—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 226.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Limiting office of President to one term.
- 861.—1916—June 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 142.
Mr. Thomas, of Colorado.
Providing that no judge of Supreme or inferior Federal court shall during continuance in office or period of two years thereafter be eligible for any Federal elective office.
- 862.—1916—June 17.
House Joint Resolution 238.
Mr. James, of Michigan.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 863.—1916—July 31.
Senate Joint Resolution 158.
Mr. Chilton, of West Virginia.
Providing that debate upon bills in Senate that have been favorably reported and before Senate for at least 10 days, shall be limited to 12 hours.
- 864.—1916—July 31.
Senate Joint Resolution 159.
Mr. Chilton, of West Virginia.
Providing that no rule of Senate shall prevent a majority of Senate from amending its rules.

865.—1916—August 11.

House Joint Resolution 294.

Mr. Gray, of Indiana.

(1) Providing for proposed constitutional amendments upon two-thirds vote in Congress, or upon application by either legislatures of two-thirds of States or by a majority vote in two-thirds of States.

(2) Acceptance by legislatures of three-fourths of States, or by majority of electors in three-fourths of States.

866.—1916—August 19.

Senate Joint Resolution 168.

Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.

Providing that Congress fix the terms of judges of inferior Federal courts.

Sixty-fourth Congress, second session

✓ 867.—1916—December 4.

House Joint Resolution 304.

Mr. Carter, of Oklahoma.

Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

✓ 868.—1916—December 4.

House Joint Resolution 308.

Mr. McClintic, of Oklahoma.

Providing for the nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

✓ 869.—1916—December 4.

House Joint Resolution 310.

Mr. Crosser, of Ohio.

Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

✓ 870.—1916—December 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 175.

Mr. Johnson, of South Dakota.

Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

✓ 871.—1916—December 6.

Senate Joint Resolution 176.

Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.

Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

✓ 872.—1916—December 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 177.

Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.

(1) Providing for a term of six years for President and Vice President.

(2) Term of office to begin on third Tuesday in January.

(3) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

- 873.—1916—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 315.
Mr. Chandler, of New York.
(1) Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by majority in Congress, or by Constitutional conventions called by one-fourth of States.
(2) Acceptance by majority vote in States.
(3) Provision for constitutional conventions every 30 years to propose amendments.
- 874.—1916—December 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 183.
Mr. Johnson, of South Dakota.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 875.—1916—December 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 185.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Restricting right to vote for Senators and Representatives in Congress and presidential electors to citizens of United States.
- 876.—1916—December 22.
House Joint Resolution 327.
Mr. Morrison, of Indiana.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation into United States or subject territory of intoxicating liquors.
- 877.—1917—January 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 196.
Mr. Chamberlain, of Oregon.
To extend suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
- 878.—1917—January 15.
House Joint Resolution 339.
Mr. Harrison, of Mississippi.
To make Senators liable for remarks, with intent to injure, made in Senate.
- 879.—1917—January 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 199.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
Providing for woman suffrage.
- 880.—1917—January 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 200.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
Providing that whenever suffrage is denied to the inhabitants of any State, being 21 years of age, the basis of representation therein shall be proportionately reduced.
- 881.—1917—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 346.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.

- 882.—1917—January 24.
House Joint Resolution 351.
Mr. Hulbert, of New York.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 883.—1917—January 26.
House Joint Resolution 361.
Mr. Morin, of Pennsylvania.
 - (1) Providing for return by Government of United States to rightful owners of wealth dishonestly acquired by citizens or combinations of citizens.
 - (2) Denying to Supreme Court the power to set aside as unconstitutional any act of Congress.
- 884.—1917—February 1.
House Joint Resolution 363.
Mr. Murray, of Oklahoma.
Defining suffrage.
- 885.—1917—February 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 207.
Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.
Providing that ratification of proposed constitutional amendments be made within six years after date of proposal.
- 886.—1917—February 10.
House Joint Resolution 367.
Mr. Sinnott, of Oregon.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 887.—1917—February 22.
House Joint Resolution 378.
Mr. Ricketts, of Ohio.
Providing for the election of the President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 888.—1917—March 1.
House Joint Resolution 386.
Mr. Husted, of New York.
To prohibit States from making laws discriminating against aliens.
- 889.—1917—March 3.
House Joint Resolution 391.
Mr. Church, of California.
Relative to jurisdiction of Tariff Commission over certain import duties.

Sixty-fifth Congress, first session

- 890.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Raker, of California.
For woman suffrage.

- 891.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Randall, of California.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation into United States or subject territory of intoxicating liquors.
- 892.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Miss Rankin, of Montana.
For woman suffrage.
- 893.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
For woman suffrage.
- 894.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Hulbert, of New York.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 895.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Keating, of Colorado.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation into United States or subject territory, of intoxicating liquors.
- 896.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Keating, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- ✓ 897.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. McClintic, of Oklahoma.
Providing for the nomination and election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- ✓ 898.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Borland, of Missouri.
(1) Providing four-year term for Representatives.
(2) Subject to recall.
(3) Term of Representatives to begin on 4th of January.
- 899.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to suits in law or equity against any one of the United States by reason of citizenship of any corporation.
- 900.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that judicial power of United States shall not extend to suits in law or equity against any one of the United States, or by reason of citizenship of any corporation.

- 901.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
For woman suffrage.
- 902.—1917—April 2.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation
into United States or subject territory, of any intoxi-
cating liquors.
- 903.—1917—April 3.
House Joint Resolution 26.
Mr. Austin, of Tennessee.
Extending right of suffrage to residents of District of
Columbia.
- 904.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 2.
Mr. Jones, of New Mexico.
For woman suffrage.
Motion to discharge committee August 1, 1917; Au-
gust 2, 1917; postponed September 20, 1917; reported
back September 15, 1917; debated April 4, 1917.
- 905.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.
To prohibit sale, manufacture for sale, or importation
into United States or subject territory, of intoxicating
liquors.
- 906.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Thompson, of Kansas.
For woman suffrage.
- 907.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
For woman suffrage.
- 908.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for proposed amendments to Constitution by
majority vote in Congress, and acceptance by majority
vote in majority of congressional districts.
- 909.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 910.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
—(1) Providing for election of President and Vice Presi-
dent by popular vote.
(2) Terms to begin on third Tuesday in January.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on
first Tuesday in January.
Reported back adversely.

- 911.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 14.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
For woman suffrage.
- 912.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
Providing that whenever suffrage is denied any inhabitants of States being 21 years of age and citizens of United States, the basis of representation of State be proportionately reduced.
- 913.—1917—April 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
Debated, amended, and passed Senate; examined and signed.
- 914.—1917—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Husted, of New York.
Prohibiting States from making laws discriminating against aliens.
- 915.—1917—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 916.—1917—April 4.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 917.—1917—April 5.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Providing that no law be held unconstitutional by Supreme Court without concurrence of all but two of the justices.
- 918.—1917—April 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 919.—1917—April 9.
House Joint Resolution 40.
Mr. Blanton, of Texas.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 920.—1917—April 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 921.—1917—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 44.
Mr. Webb, of North Carolina.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.

- 922.—1917—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Smith, of Idaho.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 923.—1917—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 46.
Mr. Hayes, of California.
(1) Providing that Presidents, upon expiration of term,
become members at large of Senate.
(2) Vice Presidents, members at large of House of
Representatives.
- 924.—1917—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 48.
Mr. Hayes, of California.
Providing four-year terms for Representatives in
Congress.
- 925.—1917—April 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 34.
Mr. Ransdell, of Louisiana.
For uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 926.—1917—April 13.
House Joint Resolution 50.
Mr. Moon, of Tennessee.
(1) Providing for maximum term of 15 years for any
position under authority of Federal Government.
(2) Providing for election of judges of inferior Federal
courts, and United States marshals, district attor-
neys, revenue collectors, and postmasters.
- 927.—1917—April 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 928.—1917—April 16.
House Joint Resolution 55.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 929.—1917—April 18.
House Joint Resolution 61.
Mr. French, of Idaho.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in
appropriation bills.
- 930.—1917—April 28.
House Joint Resolution 73.
Mr. Austin, of Tennessee.
To extend suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
Debated.
- 931.—1917—May 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 64.
Mr. Chamberlain, of Oregon.
To extend suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
- 932.—1917—May 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Prohibiting a second term for President of United States.

- 933.—1917—June 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Shafroth, of Colorado.
To prohibit alcoholic liquor traffic.
- 934.—1917—June 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 76.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
Providing for purchase and sale by Congress of agricultural lands for promoting farm ownership.
Debated.
- 935.—1917—June 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 79.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
Providing term of not less than 10 years for judges of Federal inferior courts.
- 936.—1917—June 21.
House Joint Resolution 107.
Mr. LaGuardia, of New York.
Giving Congress power to regulate production, conservation, and distribution of foodstuffs and fuel.
- 937.—1917—July 11.
House Joint Resolution 120.
Mr. Steele, of Pennsylvania.
(1) Providing a term of six years for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
(3) Three-year term for Representatives.
- 938.—1917—August 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 88.
Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.
Providing that proposed amendments to Constitution shall be ratified within six years after date of proposal.
- 939.—1917—August 4.
House Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Igou, of Missouri.
Providing that proposed amendments to Constitution shall be ratified within five years after date of the proposal.
- 940.—1917—August 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. Brandegee, of Connecticut.
Providing that proposed amendments to Constitution shall be ratified within six years after date of proposal.
- 941.—1917—August 31.
Senate Joint Resolution 97.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing that Congress shall not have power to declare war until voted upon at popular referendum.
- 942.—1917—September 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 100.
Mr. Saulsbury, of Delaware.
To prevent more than one subject from being included in bills before Congress.

Sixty-fifth Congress, second session

- 943.—1917—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 177.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
To prohibit polygamy.
- 944.—1917—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 187.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Uniform laws on marriage and divorce.
- 945.—1917—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 192.
Mr. Campbell, of Kansas.
For woman suffrage.
- 946.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 196.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
For woman suffrage.
- 947.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 197.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 948.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 198.
Mr. Keating, of Colorado.
For woman suffrage.
- 949.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 199.
Miss Rankin, of Montana.
For woman suffrage.
- 950.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 200, Report 234.
Mr. Raker, of California.
For woman suffrage.
Debated and passed House; failed to receive two-thirds
vote in Senate; motion to reconsider agreed to.
- 951.—1917—December 18.
House Joint Resolution 201.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
For woman suffrage.
- 952.—1918—January 11.
House Joint Resolution 213.
Mr. Volstead, of Minnesota.
Authorizing Congress to define and limit causes for
divorce.
- 953.—1918—January 8.
House Joint Resolution 214.
Mr. Fairfield, of Indiana.
Limiting suffrage to citizens of United States.
- 954.—1918—February 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Kenyon, of Iowa.
Providing that the electors of Representatives be
citizens of the United States.

- 955.—1918—February 21.
House Joint Resolution 251.
Mr. Burroughs, of New Hampshire.
Granting right of suffrage to citizens of District of Columbia.
- 956.—1918—March 6.
House Joint Resolution 260.
Mr. Cary, of Wisconsin.
Providing term of four years for Representatives.
- 957.—1918—March 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 137.
Mr. Myers, of Montana.
Providing term of not longer than six years for judges of inferior Federal courts.
- 958.—1918—March 11.
House Joint Resolution 263.
Mr. James, of Michigan.
Providing for presidential veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 959.—1918—March 12.
House Joint Resolution 264.
Mr. Welty, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to fix tenure of office of judges of United States Supreme and inferior courts.
- 960.—1918—March 28.
House Joint Resolution 270.
Mr. Montague, of Virginia.
Restricting to citizens of United States right to vote for Senators, Representatives, and presidential electors.
- 961.—1918—April 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 147.
Mr. Myers, of Montana.
Prohibiting polygamy.
- 962.—1918—April 17.
Senate Joint Resolution 149.
By Mr. Smith, of Georgia, for Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Restricting to United States citizens right to vote for Senators, Representatives, and presidential electors.
- 963.—1918—April 29.
House Joint Resolution 283.
Mr. Montague, of Virginia.
Restricting to United States citizens right to vote for Senators, Representatives, and presidential electors.
- 964.—1918—May 20.
House Joint Resolution 293.
Mr. Platt, of New York.
Restricting to United States citizens right to vote for Senators, Representatives, and presidential electors.
- 965.—1918—May 29.
House Joint Resolution 296.
Mr. B. L. Fairchild, of New York.
Restricting to United States citizens right to vote for Senators, Representatives, and presidential electors.

- 966.—1918—June 11.
House Joint Resolution 300.
Mr. Mason, of Illinois.
To give Congress power to prohibit or regulate employment of children under 16 years of age.
- 967.—1918—June 13.
House Joint Resolution 302.
Mr. Rogers, of Massachusetts.
To give Congress power to regulate or prohibit employment of women and persons under 21 years of age.
- 968.—1918—June 13.
House Joint Resolution 304.
Mr. Farr, of Pennsylvania.
Conferring upon Congress power to regulate employment of child labor.
- 969.—1918—July 13.
House Joint Resolution 315.
Mr. Watson, of Pennsylvania.
Empowering Congress to regulate wages, hours of labor, and prices of commodities.
- 970.—1918—September 12.
House Joint Resolution 329.
Mr. French, of Idaho.
Presidential veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 971.—1918—September 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 178.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Restricting to citizens of United States right to vote for Senators and Representatives and presidential electors.
- 972.—1918—November 1.
Senate Joint Resolution 182.
Mr. Fletcher, of Florida.
(1) Providing for acceptance of constitutional amendments by majority vote in three-fourths of the States.
(2) Amendments to be accepted within six years of date of proposal.

Sixty-fifth Congress, third session.

- 973.—1918—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 361.
Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.
Empowering Congress to enact uniform laws for regulation of hours and conditions of labor.
- 974.—1918—December 23.
House Joint Resolution 374.
Mr. Dill, of Washington.
Providing that Congress shall not have power to declare war until question is voted upon at popular referendum.

- 975.—1919—February 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 223.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Woman suffrage.
- 976.—1919—February 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 224.
Mr. Gay, of Louisiana.
Woman suffrage.
- 977.—1919—February 18.
House Joint Resolution 430.
Mr. LaGuardia, of New York.
To amend Article V of Constitution by having proposed amendments ratified by referendum vote of three-fourths of the States.
- 978.—1919—February 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 226.
Mr. McKellar, of Tennessee.
Woman suffrage.
- 979.—1919—February 28.
Senate Joint Resolution 230.
Mr. Jones, of New Mexico.
Woman suffrage.
- 980.—1919—February 28.
House Joint Resolution 440.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Woman suffrage.
- 981.—1919—March 3.
House Joint Resolution 443.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Congress shall have power to enact laws to prevent lynching.

Sixty-sixth Congress, first session

- 982.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Mann, of Illinois.
Woman suffrage.
Debated, passed House; debated in Senate, passed Senate; examined and signed.
- 983.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Woman suffrage.
- 984.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Haskell, of New York.
Providing for national referendum on question of repeal of prohibition.
- 985.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Haskell, of New York.
Permitting manufacture, sale, and transportation of intoxicating liquors.

- 986.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.
Woman suffrage.
- 987.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Burroughs, of New Hampshire.
Extending right of suffrage to citizens of District of
Columbia.
- 988.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. LaGuardia, of New York.
Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments
by referendum vote of the qualified voters of each
of three-fourths of the several States.
- 989.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Rogers, of Massachusetts.
Empowering Congress to regulate employment of women
and persons under 21 years of age.
- 990.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Providing that no law be declared unconstitutional by
Supreme Court unless decision concurred in by at
least all but two of judges.
- 991.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Woman suffrage.
- 992.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Blanton, of Texas.
Woman suffrage.
- 993.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 30.
Mr. Mondell, of Wyoming.
Woman suffrage.
- 994.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Olney, of Massachusetts.
Granting suffrage to citizens of District of Columbia.
- 995.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Griffin, of New York.
Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments
by referendum vote of the qualified voters of each of
three-fourths of the several States.

- 996.—1919—May 19.
House Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. Siegel, of New York.
Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments
by referendum vote of the qualified voters of each of
three-fourths of the several States.
- 997.—1919—May 20.
House Joint Resolution 39.
Mr. Curry, of California.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in
appropriation bills.
- 998.—1919—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Jones, of New Mexico.
Woman suffrage.
- 999.—1919—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 3.
Mr. Johnson, of California.
Woman suffrage.
- 1000.—1919—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Woman suffrage.
- 1001.—1919—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
Providing for amendment of section 2 of fourteenth
amendment to Constitution so that representation
be reduced when suffrage is denied inhabitants of any
State except for rebellion or other crime.
- 1002.—1919—May 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Poindexter, of Washington.
Woman suffrage.
- 1003.—1919—May 21.
House Joint Resolution 45.
Mr. Husted, of New York.
Prohibiting States from passing laws discriminating
against the holding of property by aliens.
- 1004.—1919—May 21.
House Joint Resolution 47.
Mr. French, of Idaho.
Woman suffrage.
- 1005.—1919—May 21.
House Joint Resolution 48.
Mr. French, of Idaho.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in
appropriation bills.
- 1006.—1919—May 22.
House Joint Resolution 54.
Mr. Mason, of Illinois.
Empowering Congress to prohibit or regulate child labor.

- 1007.—1919—May 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Sherman, of Illinois.
Granting rights of suffrage of all citizens, regardless of sex, capable of reading and writing English.
- 1008.—1919—May 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Pomerene, of Ohio.
Providing for proposed amendments to the Constitution by petitions signed by 500,000 voters, and if approved by majority of voters at next congressional election, such proposed amendment shall be proclaimed by Secretary of State as in operation.
- 1009.—1919—May 23.
House Joint Resolution 58.
Mr. Welty, of Ohio.
Providing that terms of all Federal judges be left to determination of Congress.
- 1010.—1919—May 24.
House Joint Resolution 60.
Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.
Providing for proposed amendments to the Constitution by petitions signed by 500,000 voters, and if approved by majority of voters at next congressional election, such proposed amendment shall be proclaimed by Secretary of State as in operation.
- 1011.—1919—May 28.
House Joint Resolution 74.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
Prohibiting polygamy.
- 1012.—1919—May 28.
House Joint Resolution 75.
Mr. Volstead, of Minnesota.
Empowering Congress to define causes and limits of divorce.
- 1013.—1919—May 28.
Senate Joint Resolution 33.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for the submission of proposed constitutional amendments upon majority vote in each House of Congress.
- 1014.—1919—May 29.
Senate Joint Resolution 37
Mr. Gay, of Louisiana.
Woman suffrage.
- 1015.—1919—June 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 41.
Mr. Brandegee, of Connecticut.
(1) Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments by electors in three-fourths of the several States.
(2) Ratification to take place within six years from date of proposal.

1016.—1919—June 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 48.

Mr. Harrison, of Mississippi.

Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments by majority of qualified voters in three-fourths of the several States.

1017.—1919—June 9.

House Joint Resolution 108.

Mr. Randall, of Wisconsin.

Empowering Congress to enact uniform marriage and divorce laws.

1018.—1919—June 12.

Senate Joint Resolution 52.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Oregon.

Granting suffrage to citizens of District of Columbia.

1019.—1919—June 12.

Senate Joint Resolution 55.

Mr. Jones, of Washington.

Empowering Congress to enact uniform marriage and divorce laws.

1020.—1919—June 18.

House Joint Resolution 123.

Mr. Emerson, of Ohio.

(1) Providing for the initiation of constitutional amendments by petition signed by 500,000 bona fide voters, and submission of this proposed amendment at next regular congressional election.

(2) Petition signed by 1,000,000 voters to be submitted to voters at special election.

(3) Acceptance of such amendment or amendments upon majority of popular vote throughout country.

1021.—1919—June 23.

Senate Joint Resolution 58.

Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.

Providing that judges of the inferior Federal courts hold offices for such terms as Congress may prescribe, said terms to be not less than ten years.

1022.—1919—July 28.

House Joint Resolution 164.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

Providing for the ratification of treaties by a majority vote in both the Senate and the House of Representatives.

1023.—1919—July 29.

House Joint Resolution 166.

Mr. James, of Michigan.

Prohibiting Congress from conscripting armies to serve outside of the limits of the United States to execute the orders of any international body.

- 1024.—1919—September 29.
House Joint Resolution 219.
Mr. Andrews, of Nebraska.
Representatives to be apportioned uniformly among the several States upon completion of each decennial census.
- 1025.—1919—October 22.
House Joint Resolution 238.
Mr. Hastings, of Oklahoma.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 1026.—1919—October 30.
House Joint Resolution 242.
Mr. Juul, of Illinois.
Providing for certain voting strength in State legislatures when voting upon ratification of proposed constitutional amendments.
- 1027.—1919—November 13.
Senate Joint Resolution 126.
Mr. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey.
Providing for ratification of constitutional amendments by majority vote in three-fourths of the States.

Sixty-sixth Congress, second session

- 1028.—1919—December 1.
House Joint Resolution 251.
Mr. O'Connell, of New York.
Providing for special election upon question of manufacture and sale in United States of beer, wine, and other malt and vinous liquors.
- 1029.—1919—December 2.
Senate Concurrent Resolution 18.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Providing that children born of foreign parentage be ineligible to citizenship unless both parents be eligible.
- 1030.—1919—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 255.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that children born of foreign parentage be ineligible to citizenship unless both parents be eligible.
- 1031.—1920—January 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 140.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing that exercise of Federal suffrage be restricted to citizens of United States.
- 1032.—1920—January 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 144.
Mr. Phelan, of California.
Proposing an amendment to section 1 of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution whereby United States citizenship by birth is restricted to those whose parents are white persons, Africans, American Indians, or their descendants.

- 1033.—1920—January 28.
House Joint Resolution 283.
Mr. Benson, of Maryland.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 1034.—1920—February 18.
House Joint Resolution 297.
Mr. Fess, of Ohio.
Disability of President to be determined by Supreme Court when so authorized by Congress.
- 1035.—1920—March 2.
House Joint Resolution 306.
Mr. Johnston, of New York.
Providing for ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by majority vote in three-fourths of States.
- 1036.—1920—March 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 173.
Mr. La Follette, of Wisconsin.
Providing for the popular election of all Federal judges with terms of 10 years.
- 1037.—1920—March 22.
Senate Joint Resolution 176.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing for ratification of treaties by majority of Senators present.
- 1038.—1920—March 26.
Senate Joint Resolution 177.
Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota.
Empowering Congress to collect taxes on all incomes, including stock dividends.
- 1039.—1920—April 9.
House Joint Resolution 332.
Mr. MacGregor, of New York.
Providing for the ratification of constitutional amendments by a majority vote of the electors in three-fourths of the States.
- 1040.—1920—April 21.
House Joint Resolution 343.
Mr. Humphreys, of Mississippi.
Providing that no person shall hold the office of President of the United States for more than two terms.
- 1041.—1920—June 2.
Senate Joint Resolution 209.
Mr. Smith, of Georgia.
Providing a six-year term for President of the United States.
- 1042.—1920—June 5.
House Joint Resolution 381.
Mr. Browne, of Wisconsin.
Providing for the convening of Congress in an extra session in case of the death, resignation, or disability of the President.

Sixty-sixth Congress, third session

- 1043.—1920—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 385.
Mr. Ayres, of Kansas.
Providing that a majority vote in the Senate be sufficient for ratification of treaties.
- 1044.—1920—December 6.
House Joint Resolution 391.
Mr. Hull, of Tennessee.
Limiting membership of House of Representatives to 450.
- 1045.—1920—December 9.
House Joint Resolution 399.
Mr. Dale, of Vermont.
Guaranteeing at least two Representatives to each State.
- ✓ 1046.—1920—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 412.
Mr. Schall, of Minnesota.
—(1) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
(2) Congressional control of the nominations and elections of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- ✓ 1047.—1920—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 413.
Mr. McArthur, of Oregon.
—(1) Election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
(2) Terms of office of President and Vice President to begin on second Monday in December.
- 1048.—1920—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 414.
Mr. McArthur, of Oregon.
(1) Providing for the election of Senators and Representatives on first Tuesday after first Monday in November.
(2) Terms of office to begin on first Monday in December following their election.
- 1049.—1920—December 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 228.
Mr. Ashurst, of Arizona.
(1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin on third Monday in January following election.
(2) Electoral college to cast votes on second Monday in December.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.
- 1050.—1920—December 28.
House Joint Resolution 429.
Mr. McFadden, of Pennsylvania.
Empowering Congress to provide for the collection of taxes on incomes derived from any source whatsoever.

- 1051.—1921—January 7.
House Joint Resolution 442.
Mr. Newton, of Missouri.
Providing that ratification of all treaties affecting the sovereignty of the United States, its territorial integrity, etc., be determined by a national referendum.
- 1052.—1921—January 12.
House Joint Resolution 446.
Mr. Siegel, of New York.
Providing that membership of House of Representatives not exceed 500.
- 1053.—1921—January 20.
Senate Joint Resolution 247.
Mr. Gore, of Oklahoma.
Providing that membership of House of Representatives not exceed 350.
- 1054.—1921—January 20.
House Joint Resolution 453.
Mr. Ramseyer, of Iowa.
Providing that membership of House of Representatives not exceed 400.
- 1055.—1921—January 22.
House Joint Resolution 455.
Mr. Hill, of New York.
Aliens not to be counted in adjusting apportionment of Representatives among the States.

Sixty-seventh Congress, first session

- 1056.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Burroughs, of New Hampshire.
Extending right of suffrage to residents of District of Columbia.
- 1057.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Davis, of Tennessee.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.
- 1058.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Fess, of Ohio.
Supreme Court to determine disability of President, upon authorization of Congress.
- 1059.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Griffin, of New York.
Ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by direct vote of people in three-fourths of States.
- 1060.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 13.
Mr. Griffin, of New York.
Providing for ratification of all treaties by majority vote in both Senate and House of Representatives.

- 1061.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Providing that no law be declared unconstitutional by Supreme Court without concurrence of all but two of justices.
- 1062.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Kissel, of New York.
Providing for special election to be held throughout United States to determine question of manufacture, sale, and transportation of malt and vinous liquors.
- 1063.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. McArthur, of Oregon.
Election of Senators and Representatives on Tuesday after first Monday in December, the terms of office to begin on first Monday in January.
- 1064.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 20.
Mr. McArthur, of Oregon.
Providing that term of office of President and Vice President begin on second Monday in January.
- 1065.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. MacGregor, of New York.
Providing for ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by direct vote of people in three-fourths of the States.
- 1066.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 24.
Mr. Montague, of Virginia.
Providing that no person not a citizen of the United States be permitted to vote for President, Vice President, Senators and Representatives.
- 1067.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 28.
Mr. Rogers, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate employment of women and persons under age of 21 years.
- 1068.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 29.
Mr. Siegel, of New York.
Ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by direct vote of people in three-fourths of several States.
- 1069.—1921—April 11.
House Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Mason, of Illinois.
Authorizing Congress to regulate child labor.

1070.—1921—April 11.

House Joint Resolution 36.

Mr. Siegel, of New York.

Limiting membership of House of Representatives to not more than 500.

1071.—1921—April 11.

House Joint Resolution 37.

Mr. Andrews, of Nebraska.

Requiring an apportionment of Representatives upon completion of each decennial census.

1072.—1921—April 12.

Senate Joint Resolution 8.

Mr. Ashurst, of Arizona.

(1) Terms of office of President and Vice President to begin on third Monday in January following election.

(2) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January following election.

1073.—1921—April 12.

Senate Joint Resolution 14.

Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.

Providing for proposed amendments by majority vote in Congress, and ratification by majority vote in majority of congressional districts.

1074.—1921—April 12.

Senate Joint Resolution 15.

Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.

Providing for ratification of treaties by majority vote in Senate.

1075.—1921—April 13.

Senate Joint Resolution 21.

Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.

Requiring ratification of proposed amendments by vote of legislature and by popular referendum.

✓ 1076.—1921—April 14.

House Joint Resolution 50.

Mr. Schall, of Minnesota.

(1) For election of President and Vice President by popular vote.

(2) Congress to have power to control elections for federal officers.

1077.—1921—April 18.

House Joint Resolution 56.

Mr. Raker, of California.

Denying rights of citizenship to children whose parents are not eligible to become citizens.

1078.—1921—April 19.

Senate Joint Resolution 31.

Mr. Jones, of Washington.

Uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

1079.—1921—April 21.

House Joint Resolution 68.

Mr. Towner, of Iowa.

- (1) Giving Congress power to determine the representation of overseas and noncontiguous territory in Congress upon admission of such territory as a State.
- (2) Representation of such State not to exceed number apportioned on basis of population in other States.

1080.—1921—April 21.

House Joint Resolution 69.

Mr. Garrett, of Tennessee.

- (1) Providing that whenever State legislatures vote upon acceptance of proposed amendments, at least one house of legislature shall have been elected after amendments have been proposed.
- (2) Any State may require ratification of legislature to be confirmed by popular vote.

1081.—1921—April 25.

House Joint Resolution 80.

Mr. Dale, of Vermont.

Providing that each State shall have at least two Representatives in Congress.

1082.—1921—April 25.

House Joint Resolution 83.

Mr. Codd, of Michigan.

Giving Congress power to establish uniform laws on marriage and divorce.

1083.—1921—April 27.

Senate Joint Resolution 40.

Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.

Providing that any State may require ratification of proposed amendments by vote of legislature and confirmed by popular vote.

1084.—1921—May 2.

Senate Joint Resolution 44.

Mr. Jones, of Washington.

Apportionment of Representatives in Congress by vocation.

1085.—1921—May 3.

House Joint Resolution 102.

Mr. McFadden, of Pennsylvania.

Authorizing Congress to levy taxes upon profits and incomes from all sources.

1086.—1921—May 4.

Senate Joint Resolution 47.

Mr. Ball, of Delaware.

Apportionment of Representatives after each decennial census.

1087.—1921—May 6.

House Joint Resolution 110.

Mr. Morin, of Pennsylvania.

- (1) Providing that upon submission to the United States Secretary of State of a petition signed by 500,000 voters praying for constitutional amendment, it shall be mandatory upon him to submit proposed amendment at next regular congressional election.
- (2) If petition signed by 1,000,000 voters, then proposed amendment be submitted at special election.
- (3) Acceptance by majority vote.

1088.—1921—May 10.

House Joint Resolution 115.

Mr. Kissel, of New York.

Authorizing Congress to make regulations for primary elections for Senators and Representatives.

1089.—1921—May 10.

Senate Joint Resolution 53.

Mr. Johnson, of California.

Providing for congressional control of primary elections of candidates for Senators and Representatives.

1090.—1921—May 10.

Senate Joint Resolution 54.

Mr. Johnson, of California.

Congressional regulations for presidential primary elections.

1091.—1921—May 13.

House Joint Resolution 118.

Mr. Kissel, of New York.

Ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by majority vote in three-fourths of States.

1092.—1921—May 24.

House Joint Resolution 131.

Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.

To prohibit polygamy in United States or in Territories.

1093.—1921—May 27.

House Joint Resolution 137.

Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.

To prohibit polygamy in United States or in Territories.

1094.—1921—June 1.

House Joint Resolution 139.

Mr. Appleby, of New Jersey.

Authorizing State executive in case of vacancy in representation to make temporary appointments until next general election.

1095.—1921—June 20.

House Joint Resolution 159.

Mr. Upshaw, of Georgia.

To prohibit sectarian legislation or the use of any public moneys for sectarian purposes.

- 1096.—1921—June 24.
House Joint Resolution 162.
Mr. Cullen, of New York.
(1) Ratification of proposed constitutional amendments
by majority vote in three-fourths of States.
(2) Ratification within seven years.
- 1097.—1921—July 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Kenyon, of Iowa.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in
appropriation bills.
- 1098.—1921—July 19.
House Joint Resolution 176.
Mr. Madden, of Illinois.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in
appropriation bills.
- 1099.—1921—July 21.
Senate Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Harris, of Georgia.
(1) Providing six-year term for President and Vice
President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
- 1100.—1921—July 25.
Senate Joint Resolution 89.
Mr. Ladd, of North Dakota.
Requiring popular vote before declaration of war.
- 1101.—1921—August 16.
House Joint Resolution 188.
Mr. Herrick, of Oklahoma.
Providing that all Federal election laws be extended
to all elections, whether general or primary, for
Federal offices.
- 1102.—1921—August 5.
Senate Joint Resolution 94.
Mr. Sheppard, of Texas.
(1) Authorizing Congress to determine tenure of in-
ferior Federal judges.
(2) Terms not to be less than minimum of 10 years.
- 1103.—1921—August 8.
Senate Joint Resolution 97.
Mr. Smoot, of Utah.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on State securities.
- 1104.—1921—August 24.
House Joint Resolution 197.
Mr. McKenzie, of Illinois.
Extending the definition of treason to include any
action to injure the military, physical, or financial
resources of United States.
- 1105.—1921—October 25.
House Joint Resolution 211.
Mr. McFadden, of Pennsylvania.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived
from State securities

- 1106.—1921—November 4.
House Joint Resolution 220.
Mr. Kline, of Pennsylvania.
Four-year term of office for Representatives in Congress.
- 1107.—1921—November 7.
Senate Joint Resolution 133.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Extending to citizens of District of Columbia the right to vote.
- 1108.—1921—November 23.
House Joint Resolution 226.
Mr. Campbell, of Kansas.
(1) Four-year term for Representatives.
(2) Unit of population for each Member of House be one three-hundredth of population of all States.

Sixty-seventh Congress, second session

- 1109.—1921—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 231.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes from securities issued by States or subdivisions thereof, without apportionment and without regard to census.
- 1110.—1921—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 232.
Mr. Green, of Iowa.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on State securities, or subdivisions thereof.
- 1111.—1921—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 235.
Mr. Larsen, of Georgia.
(1) Excluding aliens in apportionment of Representatives among the several States.
(2) Reduction of representation growing out of exclusion of aliens.
- ✓ 1112.—1922—January 4.
Senate Joint Resolution 151.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
Election of President and Vice President by direct vote.
- 1113.—1922—January 6.
House Joint Resolution 250.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Defining treason against the United States to include incitement, by word or deed, for the establishment of any new form of government.
- 1114.—1922—January 16.
Senate Joint Resolution 155.
Mr. Willis, of Ohio.
Congress shall have power to regulate use of money for campaign purposes.

- 1115.—1922—February 9.
House Joint Resolution 252.
Mr. Appleby, of New Jersey.
Authorizing State executives to make temporary appointments to fill vacancies in representation of any State until vacancy is filled by special election.
- 1116.—1922—March 20.
House Joint Resolution 290.
Mr. Wood, of Indiana.
(1) Six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Election by direct popular vote.
- 1117.—1922—April 28.
House Joint Resolution 314.
Mr. Green, of Iowa.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes from securities issued by State governments, or by subdivisions thereof.
- 1118.—1922—May 2.
House Joint Resolution 320.
Mr. Ansorge, of New York.
(1) Intoxicating liquors not to include wines less than 10 per cent of alcohol, or beers less than $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent of alcohol.
(2) To be ratified within seven years.
- 1119.—1922—May 2.
House Joint Resolution 321.
Mr. Ansorge, of New York.
(1) Intoxicating liquors not to include beers less than $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent of alcohol.
(2) Ratification within seven years.
- 1120.—1922—May 17.
House Joint Resolution 327.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to control employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1121.—1922—May 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 200.
Mr. Johnson, of California.
Giving Congress the right to regulate or prohibit the employment of children under 18 years of age.
- 1122.—1922—May 24.
House Joint Resolution 332.
Mr. Perlman, of New York.
Authorizing Congress to control employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1123.—1922—May 25.
House Joint Resolution 334.
Mr. Nolan, of California.
Authorizing Congress to control employment of persons under 18 years of age.

- 1124.—1922—May 25.
House Joint Resolution 335.
Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing congressional control of the election expenses of any candidate for office of Senator or Representative.
- 1125.—1922—May 31.
House Joint Resolution 340.
Mr. Tague, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to control employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1126.—1922—May 31.
House Joint Resolution 341.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Regulation of employment of women and of children under 18 years of age.
- 1127.—1922—June 12.
House Joint Resolution 346.
Mr. Layton, of Delaware.
Providing Congress shall have no power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, or collect any other direct tax except to defray cost of actual wars or debts arising therefrom.
- 1128.—1922—June 24.
House Joint Resolution 355.
Mr. Voigt, of Wisconsin.
Authorizing Congress to control employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1129.—1922—June 24.
House Joint Resolution 356.
Mr. Voigt, of Wisconsin.
Congress shall not, except in cases of threatened invasion, declare war without first submitting such question to States for referendum thereupon.
- 1130.—1922—June 28.
House Joint Resolution 365.
Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.
Providing for control by Congress of nomination and election of Senators and Representatives.
- 1131.—1922—June 30.
House Joint Resolution 367.
Mr. Moore, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1132.—1922—June 30.
House Joint Resolution 368.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1133.—1922—June 30.
House Joint Resolution 370.
Mr. Thompson, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

- 1134.—1922—July 14.
Senate Joint Resolution 224.
Mr. Townsend, of Michigan.
Authorizing Congress to control labor of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1135.—1922—July 26.
Senate Joint Resolution 232.
Mr. McCormick, of Illinois.
Authorizing Congress to control labor of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1136.—1922—August 23.
House Joint Resolution 374.
Mr. Frothingham, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1137.—1922—September 13.
House Joint Resolution 376.
Mr. Jo Jnson, of Washington.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1138.—1922—September 18.
House Joint Resolution 380.
Mr. Ansorge, of New York.
Providing that the power to make and levy tariff duties be placed under control of permanent non-partisan tariff court.
- 1139.—1922—September 19.
House Joint Resolution 381.
Mr. Volstead, of Minnesota.
Congress may regulate production of and commerce in the coal, oil, and gas from which interstate and foreign commerce are supplied, such regulation shall be supreme, but may be concurrent with any regulation not in conflict therewith made by any State.
- 1140.—1922—September 21.
House Joint Resolution 384.
Mr. Johnson, of South Dakota.
Providing, in event of war, for the conscription of every citizen and all money, industries, and properties of any nature to aid in prosecution of the war.
- 1141.—1922—September 22.
House Joint Resolution 385.
Mr. Graham, of Illinois.
Authorizing Congress to regulate child labor.
- 1142.—1922—September 22.
House Joint Resolution 386.
Mr. Brennan, of Michigan.
Providing for a national popular referendum upon the proposition of permitting the sale of 5 per cent beer to be licensed and taxed by the Federal Government, the revenue therefrom to be applied to payment of a soldiers' bonus.

Sixty-seventh Congress, third session

✓ 1143.—1922—November 21.

House Joint Resolution 390.

Mr. Christopherson, of South Dakota.

Four-year term for Members of House of Representatives.

Sixty-seventh Congress, fourth session

✓ 1144.—1922—December 5.

Senate Joint Resolution 253.

Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.

(1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin on third Monday in January following election.

(2) Popular election of President and Vice President.

(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.

1145.—1922—December 8.

Senate Joint Resolution 254.

Mr. Kellogg, of Minnesota.

Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes from State securities.

1146.—1922—December 11.

House Joint Resolution 407.

Mr. Foster, of Ohio.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

1147.—1922—December 13.

Senate Joint Resolution 256.

Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts.

Regulating the hours of labor of persons under 18 years of age.

1148.—1922—December 14.

House Joint Resolution 410.

Mr. Greene, of Massachusetts.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

✓ 1149.—1922—December 16.

House Joint Resolution 413.

Mr. Lineberger, of California.

(1) Providing for a six-year term for President and Vice President.

(2) Ineligible for reelection.

(3) Presidential primary.

(4) Popular election of President.

1150.—1922—December 30.

Senate Joint Resolution 262.

Mr. Walsh, of Montana.

Prohibiting the transportation in interstate commerce of the products of child labor.

- 1151.—1923—January 12.
House Joint Resolution 421.
Mr. Lineberger, of California.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- ✓ 1152.—1923—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 424.
Mr. Woodruff, of Michigan.
 - (1) Popular election of President and Vice President.
 - (2) Terms to begin at noon on third Monday in January following election.
 - (3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January following election.
- 1153.—1923—January 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 271.
Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.
Providing that any State may require ratification of proposed amendments by vote of legislature and confirmed by popular vote.
- 1154.—1923—January 23.
House Joint Resolution 426.
Mr. Fairfield, of Indiana.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform marriage and divorce laws.
- 1155.—1923—January 23.
Senate Joint Resolution 273.
Mr. Capper, of Kansas.
Giving Congress control over marriage and divorce laws.
- 1156.—1923—January 31.
House Joint Resolution 429.
Mr. Garrett, of Tennessee.
 - (1) Providing that in the ratification of proposed constitutional amendments at least one branch of the ratifying legislatures shall be elected after proposal of such amendments.
 - (2) Any State may require ratification by legislature to be confirmed by popular vote.
- 1157.—1923—February 5.
House Joint Resolution 435.
Mr. Andrews, of Nebraska.
Giving Congress the power by general law to regulate the nomination and election of President, Vice President, and Members of the Senate and House.
- 1158.—1923—February 6.
House Joint Resolution 436.
Mr. Frear, of Wisconsin.
Congress shall have power to determine how many members of the Supreme Court shall join in any decision that declares laws unconstitutional.

- 1159.—1923—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 454.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate labor of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1160.—1923—February 20.
House Joint Resolution 458.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate labor of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1161.—1923—February 24.
Senate Joint Resolution 285.
Mr. Shortridge, of California.
Empowering Congress, concurrently with the States, to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1162.—1923—February 26.
House Joint Resolution 461.
Mr. Fairchild, of New York.
(1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin at noon on third Monday in January after their election.
(2) Four-year term for Representatives.
(3) Terms of Representatives and Senators to begin on first Monday in January after their election.
(4) Congress to assemble first Monday in January.

Sixty-eighth Congress, first session

- 1163.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 1.
Mr. Green, of Iowa.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on State securities or subdivisions thereof.
- 1164.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 4.
Mr. Johnson, of Washington.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of children under 18 years of age.
- 1165.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Fairfield, of Indiana.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.
- 1166.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 7.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1167.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 9.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

- 1168.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 11.
Mr. Hayden, of Arizona.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1169.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 12.
Mr. Johnson, of Washington.
Providing that no person born of parents ineligible to citizenship may become citizen of United States.
- 1170.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Authorizing Congress to regulate employment of women and of children under 18 years of age.
- 1171.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 16.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1172.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Raker, of California.
Providing that no person born of parents ineligible to citizenship may become citizen of United States.
- 1173.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of women and of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1174.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the expenditure of funds for nomination or election of candidates for office of Senator or Representative.
- 1175.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 23.
Mr. Moore, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1176.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 26.
Mr. Griffin, of New York.
Providing for ratification of treaties by majority vote in both Senate and House of Representatives.
- 1177.—1923—December 5.
House Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Clancy, of Michigan.
Providing for the manufacture, sale, and transportation of beer containing not more than 5 per cent alcohol; the revenues from taxation of such beer to pay bonus for World War veterans.

✓ 1178.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 29.

Mr. Schall, of Minnesota.

- (1) Popular election of the President and Vice President.
- (2) Congress to have authority to regulate the nominations and elections of all candidates for office of Senator or of Representative.

1179.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 32.

Mr. Rogers, of Massachusetts.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

1180.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 34.

Mr. Vare, of Pennsylvania.

Providing for ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by popular vote in three-fourths of the States.

1181.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 37.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

Providing for ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by popular vote in three-fourths of the States.

1182.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 40.

Mr. Taylor, of West Virginia.

Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

1183.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 42.

Mr. Perlman, of New York.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of children under 18 years of age.

1184.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 43.

Mr. Dallinger, of Massachusetts.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the nominations and elections of all candidates for office of Senator or of Representative.

1185.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 45.

Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin.

Authorizing Congress, concurrently with the States, to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

✓ 1186.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 46.

Mr. Woodruff, of Michigan.

- (1) Providing for the popular election of President and Vice President.
- (2) Terms to begin on third Monday in January following election.
- (3) Providing for primary election of President and Vice President.
- (4) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin at noon on first Monday in January.

1187.—1923—December 5.

House Joint Resolution 58.

Mr. Ramseyer, of Iowa.

- (1) Terms of office of President and Vice President to begin on January 24.
- (2) Terms of Senators and Representatives on January 4.

1188.—1923—December 5.

House Bill 199.

Mr. Connery, of Massachusetts.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under the age of 18 years.

1189.—1923—December 6.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 1.

Mr. Jones, of Washington.

- (1) Providing that no child hereafter born in the United States of foreign parentage shall be eligible to citizenship unless both parents are eligible.
- (2) No person heretofore born in the United States shall, after the adoption of this amendment, be eligible to become a citizen unless both parents are eligible.

1190.—1923—December 6.

Senate Joint Resolution 1.

Mr. Shortridge, of California.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under the age of 18 years.

Reported with amendment; debated; indefinitely postponed.

1191.—1923—December 6.

Senate Joint Resolution 4.

Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.

- (1) Providing that in the ratification of proposed constitutional amendments at least one house of the ratifying legislatures must have been elected since the proposal of the amendment.
- (2) Any State may provide for a popular vote to affirm or reverse the action of the State legislature.

Reported with amendments; debated; recommitted.

- 1192.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 5.
Mr. Capper, of Kansas.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.
- 1193.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 6.
Mr. Harris, of Georgia.
(1) Six-year term for President and Vice President.
(2) Ineligible for reelection.
- 1194.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 8.
Mr. Ladd, of North Dakota.
Providing that Congress, except in case of invasion, shall not declare war until the question has been voted upon at national referendum.
- 1195.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 15.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Granting suffrage and representation in Congress to citizens of District of Columbia.
- 1196.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 17.
Mr. Ashurst, of Arizona.
Providing for ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by popular vote in three-fourths of the States.
- 1197.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 18.
Mr. Ashurst, of Arizona.
(1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin on third Monday in January following their election.
(2) Presidential electors to cast their votes on second Monday in December.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.
- 1198.—1923—December 6.
Senate Joint Resolution 19.
Mr. McCormick, of Illinois.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1199.—1923—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 64.
Mr. Frothingham, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of children under 18 years of age.
- 1200.—1923—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 65.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.

- 1201.—1923—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 66.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1202.—1923—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 67.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from State securities.
- 1203.—1923—December 10.
House Joint Resolution 68.
Mr. Garrett, of Tennessee.
Providing that in the ratification of proposed constitutional amendments at least one house of the ratifying legislatures must have been elected since the proposal of the amendment.
Debated.
- 1204.—1923—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 21.
Mr. Curtis, of Kansas.
Providing for equal rights for men and women throughout the United States.
- 1205.—1923—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 22.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
 - (1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin at noon on third Monday in January.
 - (2) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin at noon on first Monday in January.
 - (3) Congress shall convene at least once a year on first Monday in January.
 - (4) If House of Representatives, when duty devolves upon it, has not chosen a President before the time fixed for his term, then the Vice President shall act as President until the House of Representatives chooses a President.
Reported with amendments; amended and passed Senate; reported in House with amendments.
- 1206.—1923—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 26.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
Providing that the President shall have power, with the advice of the Senate, to frame treaties, and with the consent of the Senate, a majority of Senators concurring, to conclude same.
- 1207.—1923—December 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 27.
Mr. Owen, of Oklahoma.
 - (1) Congress may provide for the submission of proposed constitutional amendments upon majority vote in each House of Congress.
 - (2) Congress shall submit proposed constitutional amendments to the States when requested to do so by a majority of State legislatures.

- ✓ 1208.—1923—December 11.
Senate Joint Resolution 32.
Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.
Providing for election of President and Vice President by popular vote.
- 1209.—1923—December 12.
Senate Joint Resolution 35.
Mr. Wheeler, of Montana.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1210.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 75.
Mr. Anthony, of Kansas.
Providing for equal rights for men and women throughout the United States.
- 1211.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 76.
Mr. Johnson, of South Dakota.
Providing that in case of war Congress shall have power to conscript wealth and capital in addition to man power.
Debated.
- 1212.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 78.
Mr. Browne, of Wisconsin.
Providing that in case of absence of President through death, resignation, etc., a majority of three-fifths of each House of Congress may call an extraordinary session of Congress.
- 1213.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 81.
Mr. Lindsay, of New York.
Providing for national referendum upon question of liquor traffic.
- 1214.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 83.
Mr. Greene, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1215.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 84.
Mr. Lampert, of Wisconsin.
Granting right of suffrage and representation in Congress to citizens of the District of Columbia.
- 1216.—1923—December 13.
House Joint Resolution 85.
Mr. Evans, of Montana.
Authorizing Congress in case of war to conscript wealth as well as man power.

- 1217.—1923—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 86.
Mr. Lozier, of Missouri.
Providing that in case of vacancy in the representation of any State in the national House of Representatives the executive of the State may make temporary appointments until the result of the special election.
- 1218.—1923—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 87.
Mr. Lineberger, of California.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of children under 18 years of age.
- 1219.—1923—December 14.
House Joint Resolution 88.
Mr. Lozier, of Missouri.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the nomination and election of President, Vice President, Senators, and Representatives.
- 1220.—1923—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 90.
Mr. Lozier, of Missouri.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1221.—1923—December 15.
House Joint Resolution 91.
Mr. Lozier, of Missouri.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the campaign expenditures of candidates for office of Senator or of Representative.
- 1222.—1923—December 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 36.
Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of women and of persons under 18 years of age.
- 1223.—1923—December 15.
Senate Joint Resolution 38.
Mr. Dale, of Vermont.
Providing that each State shall have at least two Representatives in Congress.
- 1224.—1923—December 17.
House Joint Resolution 93.
Mr. White, of Kansas.
 - (1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President shall begin on January 24.
 - (2) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on January 4.
 - (3) Congress shall convene at least once a year on January 4.
 - (4) If House of Representatives, when the duty devolves upon them, shall not elect a President before time fixed for beginning of his term, then Vice President shall serve until House elects a President.

1225.—1923—December 17.

House Resolution 95.

Mr. Fairchild, of New York.

(1) Terms of President and Vice President to begin on third Monday in January.

(2) Four-year term for Representatives.

(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.

(4) Congress shall meet at least once a year on first Monday in January.

1226.—1923—December 17.

House Joint Resolution 98.

Mr. Tague, of Massachusetts.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

1227.—1923—December 17.

House Joint Resolution 100.

Mr. Thompson, of Ohio.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

1228.—1923—December 17.

House Joint Resolution 101.

Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.

Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from securities issued by States or political subdivisions thereof.

1229.—1923—December 18.

Senate Joint Resolution 48.

Mr. Dill, of Washington.

Congress shall have power to declare war only in cases of invasion or when authorized to do so after an affirmative national referendum.

1230.—1923—December 20.

House Joint Resolution 102.

Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of women and of children under 18 years of age.

1231.—1923—December 20.

House Joint Resolution 103.

Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.

(1) Terms of President and Vice President shall begin on third Monday in January.

(2) Terms of Senators and Representatives to begin on first Monday in January.

(3) Congress shall meet at least once a year on the first Monday in January.

1232.—1923—December 20.

House Joint Resolution 104.

Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.

(1) Providing that the terms of Senators and Representatives commence on first Monday in January.

(2) Congress to convene at least once a year on first Monday in January.

- 1233.—1923—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 105.
Mr. Magee, of New York.
Providing for presidential veto of items in appropriation bills.
- 1234.—1923—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 106.
Mr. Gibson, of Vermont.
Providing that each State shall have at least two Representatives.
- 1235.—1923—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 108.
Mr. Hastings, of Oklahoma.
Providing for presidential veto of separate items in appropriation bills.
- 1236.—1923—December 20.
House Joint Resolution 109.
Mr. McLeod, of Michigan.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.
- 1237.—1924—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 114.
Mr. Gillett, of Massachusetts.
Prohibiting practice of polygamy within boundaries of the United States or Territories.
- 1238.—1924—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 117.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Ohio.
Providing for a reapportionment of the representation of the several States in Congress after the completion of each decennial census.
- 1239.—1924—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 118.
Mr. Fitzgerald, of Ohio.
Providing for a reapportionment of the representation of the several States in Congress after the completion of each decennial census.
- 1240.—1924—January 3.
Senate Joint Resolution 53.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Authorizing Congress to enact uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.
- 1241.—1924—January 9.
Senate Concurrent Resolution 4.
Mr. Jones, of Washington.
Congress shall have concurrent power with the several States to regulate the employment of children under 16 years of age.
- 1242.—1924—January 9.
House Joint Resolution 130.
Mr. Edmonds, of Pennsylvania.
Extending the definition of treason against the United States, to include any effort to establish a new form of government except by constitutional amendment.

- 1243.—1924—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 133.
Mr. Boylan, of New York.
Providing for the ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by popular vote.
- 1244.—1924—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 134.
Mr. Wolff, of Missouri.
Providing that Congress shall have power to declare war only in cases of invasion or when authorized to do so by national referendum.
- 1245.—1924—January 10.
House Joint Resolution 136.
Mr. Green, of Iowa.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from securities issued by States or subdivisions thereof.
- 1246.—1924—January 21.
House Joint Resolution 147.
Mr. Little, of Kansas.
Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on income derived from State securities whenever said income shall exceed \$12,500.
- 1247.—1924—January 26.
House Joint Resolution 155.
Mr. Rogers, of New Hampshire.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of women and of persons under age of 18 years.
- 1248.—1924—January 28.
House Joint Resolution 159.
Mr. Upshaw, of Georgia.
Providing that no public moneys be used for the maintenance of any religious institution.
- 1249.—1924—January 28.
House Joint Resolution 161.
Mr. Little, of Kansas.
(1) Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from State securities whenever said income shall exceed \$12,500.
(2) Providing for fixed scale of inheritance taxes on property of decedents, resident or nonresident.
- 1250.—1924—January 30.
House Joint Resolution 166.
Mr. Rathbone, of Illinois.
(1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President shall commence on the third Monday in January.
(2) Providing that the Electoral College shall meet on second Monday in December.
(3) Terms of Senators and Representatives to commence on first Monday in January.
(4) Congress shall meet at least once every year on the first Monday in January.

- 1251.—1924—February 7.
House Joint Resolution 173.
Mr. Wolff, of Missouri.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 16 years of age.
- 1252.—1924—February 7.
House Joint Resolution 174.
Mr. Huddleston, of Alabama.
 - (1) Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from securities issued by States or subdivisions thereof.
 - (2) Authorizing States to levy taxes on incomes derived from securities issued by United States and by other States.
- 1253.—1924—February 8.
House Joint Resolution 178.
Mr. Wolff, of Missouri.
Provided that any person who in time of war defrauds the United States in respect to war materials or equipment shall be guilty of treason.
- 1254.—1924—February 13.
House Joint Resolution 184.
Mr. Foster, of Ohio.
Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.
Passed House; passed Senate; examined and signed.
- ✓ 1255.—1924—February 14.
House Joint Resolution 185.
Mr. Lineberger, of California.
 - (1) Providing for popular election of President and Vice President.
 - (2) Six-year term and ineligibility for reelection.
- 1256.—1924—February 19.
House Joint Resolution 193.
Mr. Oliver, of New York.
 - (1) Authorizing Congress to levy taxes on incomes derived from securities issued by States or subdivisions thereof.
 - (2) Providing for the return by the Federal Government of all revenues collected by the Federal Government from taxation of incomes derived from securities.
- 1257.—1924—March 10.
Senate Joint Resolution 93.
Mr. Dill, of Washington.
 - (1) Election by popular vote of judges of inferior Federal courts.
 - (2) Appointment of Justices of Supreme Court by President from among the elective inferior Federal judiciary.

1258.—1924—March 19.

House Joint Resolution 223.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 16 years of age.

1259.—1924—April 17.

House Joint Resolution 246.

Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin.

Authorizing Congress by a majority vote in both Houses to call a convention for the purpose of amending the Constitution.

1260.—1924—March 28.

Senate Joint Resolution 109.

Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.

(1) Providing for the ratification of proposed constitutional amendments by conventions chosen by the people, or by popular vote of the electors.

(2) Amendments to the Constitution to be operative must be ratified within eight years after proposal.

Debated.

1261.—1924—April 24.

House Joint Resolution 184.

Mr. Foster, of Ohio.

Authorizing Congress to regulate the employment of persons under 18 years of age.

1262.—1924—May 17.

House Joint Resolution 266.

Mr. Thomas, of Oklahoma.

Providing that Congress may declare war only after an affirmative three-fourths vote in both Houses.

1263.—1924—May 26.

House Joint Resolution 271.

Mr. Taber, of New York.

Providing that in case of war Congress shall have power to conscript wealth as well as man power.

1264.—1924—May 29.

House Joint Resolution 273.

Mr. O'Sullivan, of Connecticut.

Providing for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment.

Sixty-eighth Congress, second session

1265.—1924—December 13.

House Joint Resolution 309.

Mr. McKeown, of Oklahoma.

Providing four-year terms for Members of the House of Representatives.

Referred to Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

✓ 1266.—1924—December 16.

Senate Joint Resolution 156.

Mr. Johnson, of California.

Providing for direct election of President and Vice President.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

- 1267.—1925—January 3.
House Joint Resolution 315.
Mr. Green, of Iowa.
Providing that the United States shall have power to lay and collect taxes on income derived from securities issued by or under the authority of any State.
Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.
- 1268.—1925—January 19.
House Joint Resolution 324.
Mr. Winter, of Wyoming.
Providing that Representatives shall be apportioned uniformly among the several States upon the completion of each decennial census according to votes counted at the presidential election next preceding such apportionment.
Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- 1269.—1925—March 2.
House Joint Resolution 383
Mr. Lankford, of Georgia.
Relieving from taxation those engaged in selling articles of food directly from producer to consumer.
Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- 1270.—1925—March 2.
House Joint Resolution 384.
Mr. Lankford, of Georgia.
Providing that taxes be levied only on the equity possessed by farmers, fruit growers, dairymen, or livestock raisers, in their lands and improvements.
Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Sixty-ninth Congress, first session

- 1271.—1925—December 7.
House Joint Resolution 10.
Mr. Dickinson, of Missouri.
- (1) Providing that terms of Senators and Representatives commence on first Monday in January following their election.
 - (2) Providing that Congress assemble at least once every year, and such meeting be held on first Monday in January.
 - (3) Providing that terms of Senators and Representatives in office at time of adoption of such amendment shall end at noon on first Monday in January of year in which such terms would otherwise have ended on March 4.
- Referred to the Committee on the Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1272.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 11.

Mr. Evans, of Montana.

Providing that in the event of war the property, equally with the persons, lives, and liberties of all citizens, shall be subject to conscription for national defense.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1273.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 13.

Mr. Fairchild, of New York.

(1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President commence on third Monday in January following their election.

(2) Providing for a four-year term for Representatives.

(3) Providing that the terms of Senators and Representatives commence on first Monday in January following their election.

(4) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once every year, such meeting to be held on the first Monday in January.

Referred to the Committee on the Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1274.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 15.

Mr. Garrett of Tennessee.

(1) Providing that Congress, whenever two-thirds of each House deem it necessary, shall propose amendments, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments.

(2) Providing that these proposed amendments be ratified by State legislatures in which at least one House shall have been elected after the amendments have been proposed.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1275.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 16.

Mr. Gibson, of Vermont.

Providing that each State shall have at least two Representatives in Congress.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1276.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 17.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

Providing that Congress shall have power to prohibit the employment of persons under 16 years of age in mines, quarries, mills, canneries, workshops, factories, or manufacturing establishments.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1277.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 18.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

(1) Providing that Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, shall propose amendments, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States shall call a convention for proposing amendments.

(2) Providing that in either case these amendments shall be considered valid when ratified by the people of three-fourths of the several States.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1278.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 19.

Mr. Griffin, of New York.

Providing for the ratification of treaties by a majority vote in both the Senate and House of Representatives.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1279.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 20.

Mr. Hastings, of Oklahoma.

Providing that the President be empowered to veto items in appropriation bills.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1280.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 21.

Mr. Hill, of Maryland.

Providing for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1281.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 23.

Mr. Johnson, of Washington.

Providing that persons born in the United States of alien parents, not eligible for citizenship, shall not themselves be eligible for citizenship.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1282.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 30.

Mr. McLeod, of Michigan.

Providing that Congress shall have power to establish uniform laws on the subject of marriage and divorce.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1283.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 40.

Mr. Thomas, of Oklahoma.

Providing that Congress shall have power to declare war only upon an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the Members elected to and constituting each House.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1284.—1925—December 7.

House Joint Resolution 43.

Mr. Winter, of Wyoming.

Providing that Representatives shall be apportioned uniformly among the several States upon the completion of each decennial census according to the votes counted at the presidential election next preceding such apportionment.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1285.—1925—December 8.

Senate Joint Resolution 7.

Mr. Jones, of Washington.

Providing for national representation for the people of the District of Columbia.

Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

1286.—1925—December 8.

Senate Joint Resolution 8.

Mr. Wadsworth, of New York.

(1) Providing that Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, shall propose amendments, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States.

(2) Providing that these proposed amendments be ratified by State legislatures in which at least one house shall have been elected after the amendments have been proposed.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1287.—1925—December 8.

Senate Joint Resolution 11.

Mr. Curtis, of Kansas.

Providing for equal rights for men and women throughout the United States and every place subject to its jurisdiction.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1288.—1925—December 8.

Senate Joint Resolution 14.

Mr. Johnson, of California.

Providing that Congress and the several States shall have power within their respective spheres to provide for the establishment and enforcement of minimum wages for women and minors.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1289.—1925—December 8.

House Joint Resolution 47.

Mr. Garber, of Oklahoma.

(1) Providing that the terms of Senators and Representatives shall commence on the first Monday in January following their election.

(2) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, such meeting to be on the first Monday in January.

1289.—1925—December 8—Continued.

- (3) Providing that the terms of Senators and Representatives in office at time of adoption of such amendment shall end at noon on first Monday in January of the year in which such terms would otherwise have ended on March 4.

Referred to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1290.—1925—December 8.

House Joint Resolution 48.

Mr. Garber, of Oklahoma.

Providing that the United States shall have power to lay and collect taxes on income derived from securities issued by or under the authority of any State.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

1291.—1925—December 8.

House Joint Resolution 49.

Mr. Garber, of Oklahoma.

Providing that in the event of war, the property equally with the persons, lives, and liberties of all citizens, shall be subject to conscription for national defense.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1292.—1925—December 9.

House Joint Resolution 56.

Mr. White, of Kansas.

- (1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President shall end at noon on the 24th of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at noon on the 4th day of January of the years in which such terms ordinarily end.

- (2) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once every year, such meeting to be held on the 4th of January.

- (3) Providing that if the House of Representatives has not chosen a President, whenever the right devolves upon them, before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President chosen for the same term shall act as President until the House chooses a President.

Referred to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1293.—1925—December 10.

House Joint Resolution 58.

Mr. Taylor, of West Virginia.

Providing that Congress shall have power to establish uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1294.—1925—December 16.

Senate Joint Resolution 31.

Mr. Capper, of Kansas.

Providing that Congress shall have power to establish uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1295.—1925—December 16.

House Joint Resolution 81.

Mr. Anthony, of Kansas.

Providing for equal rights for men and women throughout the United States and every place subject to its jurisdiction.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1296.—1925—December 18.

House Joint Resolution 88.

Mr. Oliver, of New York.

- (1) Providing that Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on income derived from securities issued by or under the authority of any State.
- (2) Providing that any moneys collected under said power from securities issued by any State or subdivision thereof shall be returned to the State or subdivision which issued the securities.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

1297.—1925—December 21.

Senate Joint Resolution 34.

Mr. Bruce, of Maryland.

Providing for amendment to eighteenth amendment which would empower Congress to regulate, but not to prohibit or unreasonably restrict, the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation, or exportation of intoxicating liquors.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1298.—1926—January 4.

House Joint Resolution 102.

Mr. Taylor, of Colorado.

- (1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President shall commence at noon on the second Monday in January following their election.
- (2) Providing four-year terms for Representatives in Congress.
- (3) Providing that the terms of Senators and Representatives shall commence at noon on the first Monday in January.
- (4) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once every year, such meeting to be held on first Monday in January.
- (5) Providing that if the House of Representatives has not chosen a President, whenever the right of choice devolves upon them, before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President chosen for the same term shall act as President until the House of Representatives chooses a President.

Referred to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1299.—1926—January 8.

House Joint Resolution 110.

Mr. Gibson, of Vermont.

Providing that Congress shall have power to establish uniform laws as to marriage and divorce.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1300.—1926—February 5.

House Joint Resolution 152.

Mr. Evans, of Montana.

Providing for a national referendum upon the question of the declaration of an aggressive war.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1301.—1926—February 9.

House Joint Resolution 159.

Mr. Upshaw, of Georgia.

Providing that no law shall be passed respecting the establishment of religion nor shall the Federal or any State Government, or political subdivision thereof, use its property, credit, or money for the purpose of founding or maintaining any church, etc.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1302.—1926—February 11.

House Joint Resolution 164.

Mr. White, of Kansas.

(1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President shall end at noon on the 24th of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at noon on the 4th of January.

(2) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, such meeting to be held on the 4th of January.

(3) Providing that if the House of Representatives has not chosen a President, whenever the right devolves upon them, before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President chosen for the same term shall act as President until the House chooses a President.

(4) Providing that if the President elect dies before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President elect shall become President.

Referred to the Committee on the Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1303.—1926—February 16.

Senate Joint Resolution 9.

Mr. Norris, of Nebraska.

(1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President in office shall end at noon on the third Monday in January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives on the first Monday in January.

(2) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, such meeting to be held on the first Monday in January.

1303.—1926—February 16—Continued.

- (3) Providing that if the House of Representatives has not chosen a President, whenever the right devolves upon them, before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President chosen for the same term shall act as President until the House chooses a President.

Referred to the Committee on the Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

Reported with amendments; debated; amended and passed Senate.

1304.—1926—February 17.

House Bill 9468.

Mr. Woodruff, of Michigan.

- (1) Providing that the terms of President and Vice President in office end at noon on the third Monday in January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives end at noon on the first Monday in January.

- (2) Providing that Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, such meeting to be held on the first Monday in January.

- (3) Providing that if the House of Representatives has not chosen a President, whenever the right devolves upon them, before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, then the Vice President chosen for the same term shall act as President until the House chooses a President.

Referred to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

1305.—1926—March 11.

House Joint Resolution 199.

Mr. Oliver, of New York.

- Providing that section 2 of the eighteenth amendment be amended by adding that the term "concurrent power" be construed to mean that no act of Congress shall invalidate an act adopted by a State which is consistent with the foregoing articles.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1306.—1926—March 22.

House Joint Resolution 208.

Mr. Dyer, of Missouri.

Providing representation in Congress for the District of Columbia.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

1307.—1926—March 27.

Senate Joint Resolution 85.

Mr. Bruce, of Maryland.

Providing for amendment to the eighteenth amendment, which would empower Congress to regulate, but not to prohibit or unreasonably restrict, the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation, or exportation of intoxicating liquors.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

- 1308.—1926—April 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 100.
Mr. Frazier, of North Dakota.
Providing that war for any purpose shall be illegal, and neither the United States nor any State, Territory, association, or person subject to its jurisdiction shall prepare for, declare, engage in, or carry on war or other armed conflict.
- 1309.—1926—April 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 102.
Mr. Dill, of Washington.
Providing that Congress shall declare war only after a majority of the citizens of the United States, voting at a special election called by Congress for the announced and declared purpose of deciding whether or not war shall be declared, shall have voted in favor of said declaration of war.
- 1310.—1926—April 19.
Senate Joint Resolution 103.
Mr. Dill, of Washington.
(1) Providing for the election of the judges of the inferior Federal courts.
(2) Appointment of judges of the Supreme Court from the elected judges of the inferior Federal courts.
- 1311.—1926—June 8.
House Joint Resolution 274.
Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin.
Providing that Congress shall have power, by a majority vote in both Houses, to call a convention for the purpose of revising or amending the Constitution.
- 1312.—1926—June 15.
House Joint Resolution 279.
Mr. Rubey, of Missouri.
(1) Congress shall have power to prevent fraud and corrupt practices in the nomination and election of Senators and Representatives.
(2) No person shall be a Senator if the aggregate expenditures made by him or with his knowledge and consent for his nomination and election exceed \$10,000.
(3) No person shall be a Representative if the aggregate expenditures made by him or with his knowledge and consent for his nomination and election exceed \$5,000.
- 1313.—1926—June 30.
Senate Joint Resolution 122.
Mr. Edwards, of New Jersey.
Providing for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment.
- 1314.—1926—July 2.
House Joint Resolution 291.
Mr. Gallivan, of Massachusetts.
Providing for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment.

ADDENDA

Fifty-seventh Congress, first session.

1901—December 3.

House Joint Resolution 43.

Mr. McRae, of Arkansas.

Providing that only capitation taxes be apportioned.

1901—December 3.

House Joint Resolution 44.

Mr. Kluttz, of North Carolina.

Income tax.

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| State | Action by State legislature | Introduced in Congress |
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| Arkansas..... | Approved Mar. 14, 1903..... | |
| California..... | Adopted by assembly Feb. 16, 1903; concurred in by Senate, Feb. 26, 1903..... | June 13, 1911 |
| Colorado..... | Approved Apr. 1, 1901..... | Dec. 4, 1901 |
| Idaho..... | Approved Feb. 26, 1901..... | Dec. 16, 1901 |
| Illinois..... | Adopted by Senate Feb. 10, 1903; concurred in by House of Representatives, Apr. 9, 1903; adopted by House of Representatives May 9, 1907; concurred in by Senate, May 10, 1907..... | Dec. 5, 1907 |
| Indiana..... | Approved Mar. 11, 1907..... | |
| Iowa..... | Approved Mar. 24, 1904..... | Apr. 18, 1904 |
| | Approved Mar. 12, 1907..... | Dec. 9, 1907 |
| | Approved Apr. 12, 1909..... | Apr. 30, 1909 |
| Kansas..... | Approved Feb. 6, 1907..... | Feb. 13, 1907 |
| Kentucky..... | Approved Feb. 10, 1902..... | |
| Louisiana..... | Approved Nov. 25, 1907..... | May 8, 1908 |
| Maine..... | Adopted by House of Representatives Feb. 6, 1911; concurred in by Senate with amendment Feb. 22, 1911..... | Mar. 4, 1911 |
| Michigan..... | Adopted by Senate May 8, 1901; concurred in by House of Representatives May 8, 1911..... | Dec. 4, 1901 |
| Minnesota..... | Approved Feb. 9, 1901..... | Feb. 18, 1901 |
| Missouri..... | Approved Mar. 18, 1905..... | Dec. 6, 1905 |
| Montana..... | Approved Mar. 6, 1907..... | |
| | Approved Feb. 21, 1901..... | Mar. 2, 1901 |
| | Approved Jan. 31, 1905..... | Feb. 13, 1905 |
| | Approved Feb. 21, 1907..... | Dec. 9, 1907 |
| | Approved Feb. 2, 1911..... | Feb. 13, 1911 |
| Nevada..... | Approved Mar. 20, 1901..... | Dec. 4, 1901 |
| | Approved Feb. 25, 1903..... | Mar. 10, 1903 |
| | Approved Mar. 20, 1907..... | Dec. 5, 1907 |
| Nebraska..... | Approved Feb. 21, 1901; approved Mar. 25, 1903..... | Feb. 14, 1902 |
| New Jersey..... | Approved May 28, 1907..... | Dec. 5, 1907 |
| North Carolina..... | Adopted by House of Representatives Mar. 11, 1907; concurred in by Senate Mar. 11, 1907..... | |
| Oklahoma..... | Approved Jan. 9, 1908..... | Jan. 20, 1908 |
| Oregon..... | Adopted by House of Representatives Jan. 23, 1901; concurred in by Senate, Jan. 25, 1901..... | Feb. 12, 1901 |
| | Adopted by Senate Jan. 26, 1903; concurred in by House of Representatives, Jan. 27, 1903..... | Feb. 22, 1903 |
| | Adopted by House of Representatives Jan. 28, 1907; concurred in by Senate Feb. 4, 1907..... | Feb. 14, 1907 |
| | Adopted by House of Representatives, Jan. 22, 1909; concurred in by Senate, Jan. 26, 1909..... | Feb. 8, 1909 |
| Pennsylvania..... | Adopted by Senate Feb. 6, 1901; concurred in by House of Representatives Feb. 6, 1901..... | Feb. 9, 1901 |
| South Dakota..... | Adopted by House of Representatives Jan. 19, 1907; concurred in by Senate Jan. 31, 1907..... | Feb. 8, 1907 |
| | Adopted by Senate Feb. 4, 1909; signed by Speaker of House of Representatives Feb. 8, 1909..... | Feb. 19, 1909 |
| Tennessee..... | Approved Mar. 28, 1901; approved Mar. 22, 1905..... | Mar. 4, 1902 |
| Texas..... | Approved Apr. 17, 1901..... | |
| Utah..... | Approved Mar. 12, 1903..... | |
| Washington..... | do..... | Feb. 21, 1911 |
| Wisconsin..... | Adopted by Senate Apr. 16, 1903; concurred in by Assembly, April 30, 1903..... | Nov. 16, 1903 |
| | Adopted by Senate June 20, 1907; concurred in by Assembly, June 28, 1907..... | Dec. 3, 1907 |